THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., TUESDAY, JANUARY 26, 1869. VOL. 29.—NO. 143

LAWYERS.

WM. F. BEASLEY,

Attorney at Law,

202 JEFFERSON STREET (up stairs), between Center and Sixth, LOUISVILLE, Ky. Refers by permission to Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., Hughes, Huffman & Co., Louisville, Ky.; Heath, Lewis & Frazer, Attorneys-at-Law, Sproule & McCown, Memphis. de2 1m

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. decf

ROBERT J. MORGAN, MILTON P. JARNAGIN, R. DUDLEY FRAYSER.

Morgan, Jarnagin & Frayser

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

No. 19 Madison Street (first floor).

R. DUDLEY FRAYSER, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds of the following States for the State of Tennessee:

Alabama,	Indiana,	Maryland,
Arkansas,	Iowa,	Michigan,
Florida,	Kentucky,	Minnesota,
Georgia,	Louisiana,	Mississippi
Illinois,	Massachusetts,	Missouri,
Kansas,	Maine,	Nebraska,
New York,	Ohio,	Pennsylvania,
Texas,	Virginia,	Wisconsin,
And other States.		de20 1m

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON

Pike & Johnson,

COUNSELLORS,

SOLICITORS AND ADVOCATES

WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS FIRM, ESTABLISHED AT WASHington, (Office, 217 F Street), will attend to all cases that may be entrusted to them, in the Supreme Court of the United States, and Court of Claims; and also to the recovery of claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress and in the Departments.

The senior member has been a practising lawyer for thirty-two years, and is a member of the bars of the Supreme Courts of Arkansas, Louisiana and the United States. The junior, bred a lawyer, was long a Representative and Senator in the Congress of the United States, and familiar with the modes of transacting business in the Departments.

The senior, retaining his residence at Memphis, will also, as one of the firm of PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE, attend to cases in the Supreme Courts of Arkansas and Tennessee, and in the United States Courts and Chancery Court at Memphis. nov28 tf

CHAS. A. CHOATE,

COUNSELOR AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Bankruptcy,

Nos. 270 Second Street, and 450 Main St.,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

☞ My duties as Counsel for the General Assignee have led me to make the *Practice in Bankruptcy a Specialty.* nov12 1m

ALBERT PIKE. CHARLES W. ADAMS. L. H. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,

Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON

PIKE & JOHNSON,

Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitor

WASHINGTON, D. C

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy3-sep10 1y

NOTICES.

Notice.

THE business of Moore, Whitfield & Co., will be continued as heretofore.

VIRGIL V. MOORE,
Surviving Partner.
jal2

NOTICE.

MY patrons and all who wish to have their Pianos and Organs Tuned or Repaired by me in a superior workmanlike manner, will please leave their orders at Clark's Jewelry store, or at No. 250 Second street, and *NOT* at Mr. Katzenbach's music store, as I have no connection whatever with that establishment.

H. G. HOLLENBERG,
Piano and Organ Maker.
jal8

Notice.

WE have this day sold our interest in the Wood Business to GEO. W. BAXTER, who has a contractor conducted it for us. Mr. Baxter will continue the business at our office, and we take great pleasure in recommending him to our friends and the public generally.

BIGLEY, MELLERSH & CO.
jal6

Geo. W. Baxter,

— DEALER IN —

CORD AND KINDLING WOOD

Office with Bigley, Mellersh & Co.,

Corner of Main and South Court Streets.
jal6

NOTICE.

SEALED proposals will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Jacksonport, Jackson county, Arkansas, until the first day of January, 1869, for the erection of a BRICK COURT HOUSE, with iron window caps and sills, iron cornice, stairways and balconies, slate and tin roof. The size of said building 50 by 76 feet, with center projections on each side and end, of two by fifteen feet, carried up with dormitories; to be two stories high, with mansard or French roof, belfry and dome.

Plan and specifications can be seen at this office. Three annual payments, to be made according to the progress of the work, and the house is to be completed by the first of January, 1870, and the payments to be made according to the reports of the Internal Improvement Commissioner to the court.

RILEY KINMAN,
Sheriff of Jackson County, Ark.
dec2 1m

COTTON GINS.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the sole Agents for the sale of these unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

McCOMBS & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,
224 and 226 Main Street,
Memphis, Tenn.
ty11 dawtm

Owner Wanted

FOR one Sewing Machine, received per steamer Luminary, consigned to J. Leroy, Memphis, Tenn. If not called for within thirty (30) days, will be sold to pay charges.

LARRY HAIMS' AD, Agent.
de27 1m Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

GUANO! GUANO!

PERUVIAN, PHŒNIX AND MANIPULATED, all

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
ja15 291 Main street.

NEWS AND OTHER ITEMS.

—Paris has now sixty-nine political journals.

—Four o'clock tea is the new Paris fashion.

—Indiana has found tin ore in quartz. Two good "pints!"

—The Richings opera troupe are giving a season in Detroit.

—Patti-Caux has engagements for more than two years to come.

—A decent funeral costs $547 in Chicago—more than a divorce.

—Bradford's "Crushed by Icebergs," is on exhibition in Baltimore.

—The *Blister*, a new comic paper, is about to be started in London.

—Shorey's little magazine, the *Nursery*, has a circulation of 20,000.

—Gounod has written a new ballet, called "Walpurgis Night."

—Congressman Mungen, of Ohio, is popularly known as "Fiddler Bill."

—Boston built eighty-four vessels last year, with a capacity of 32 200 tons, and costing $2,117,300.

—All the live stock insurance companies are dying out because their patrons will cheat them.

—Montreal has a fine new Academy of Music, built in the Italian style. It will seat 1000.

—An Englishman has invented an apparatus for warming the keys of an organ or piano.

—Perotti, a new tenor in Genoa, is highly praised there by the very critical public.

—Ten years ago California exported 20,500 barrels of flour; this year she has 420,000 to spare.

—All the skating rinks are to be metamorphosed into velocipedariums next summer.

—Poole, the great London tailor, used to be a second-rate tailor in Worcester, Mass.

—Albert Sidney Johnston and Lovell H. Rousseau rest side by side in the New Orleans cemetery.

—Brazil is recruiting in England. Two hundred and fifty men arrived recently.

—The telegraph is a failure in Mexico. The people steal the wires as fast as they are put up.

—A man and woman were lately severely sentenced in Scotland for being married under false names.

—The deposits in the five-cent savings bank of New Bedford amount to a million and a half of dollars.

—Arizona has created the office of Attorney-General, and established a common school system.

—The upper branch of the Dakota Legislature has defeated the woman suffrage bill by one vote.

—Rosa Bonheur is now engaged in painting a group of dogs for the Emperor of Russia.

—The French painter Gerome is at work on a picture suggested by the events of December, 1861.

—The Utica *Herald* says that "Good Words" is the title of a new book by Constantine Meyer.

—Baron Brisse receives ten thousand francs for publishing daily bills of fare in Girardin's paper.

—Rossini left a new opera which his will declares shall not be performed until he has been dead five years.

—Theodora Mund, eldest daughter of Mrs. Muhlbach, is coming to this country as an Offenbachian prima donna.

—One hundred and sixty persons connected more or less with the musical and dramatic professions died in 1868.

—Missouri first nominated Grant in the Baltimore Convention of 1864. Please give Missouri an office.

—Auber has asked Wartel to become master of the Conservatory, but the honor was declined.

—Harvard College has had twenty-one Presidents in two hundred and thirty years.

—The "Visions of Napoleon I. at St. Helena" is a new work for grand orchestra by Herr Westermeyer.

—Before the new House of Commons was three weeks old it had lost three of its members through death.

—During the past three months there have been 150 000 new rifles sent from Providence, R. I., to Europe.

—"A man named Kehoe is in jail in Albion on suspicion of being Smith." Anything but that is bearable.

"Naturipathy" and "Baunschedismus" are among the last Boston isms. They are both methods of killing people.

—The city railroads of San Francisco have begun to fumigate their cars, so that the small-pox shan't take free rides.

—One hunter in the Adirondacks employs thirty men to hunt, and has sent off five hundred head of venison this season.

—The Presbyterians are to start a college or high school—they're the same thing out West—at Santa Fe, New Mexico.

—The London *Times*, with full supplement, contains about 20,000 lines, or 200,000 words, equal to a five hundred page octavo.

—Cazado, the Marszisk of Paris, to whom Adelina Patti is indebted for her Parisian *debut*, is now a waiter in a French *cafe*.

—Rogers, a famous French tenor, now lives in poverty at Passy, having lost all by speculation in the Credit Mobilier, the French *Erie*.

—Eugenie de Lafleur, the charmful fashion writer of *Mode Parisienne*, is really a frowsled-headed, smoke odored old Bachelor.

—San Francisco's latest invention is a two-edged dirk, with the handle at right angles to the blade, like a chopping knife.

—The residents of Salem, Mass., last year raised a fishing fund of $30,000. They have made $1000, and have the temerity to feel encouraged.

—The *Advance* says the *Revolution* advocates free love. The *Revolution* says the *Advance* lies. The *Advance* now has the floor.

—The Boston *Post* says: "One of the most popular reporters on the New York *World*, was recently in a Massachusetts almshouse."

—Chicago has $3,000,000 invested in the manufacture of tobacco. 10 000 workmen turn out $10,000,000 worth a year of material for smokers and chewers.

—The first lecture Henry Ward Beecher ever delivered in Boston, was in 1849. Subject—"Amusements." The last lecture of his in Boston was in 1869. Subject—"Amusements."

—The two chromos for the subscribers of the London Arundel Society for this year are, Andrea del Sarto's Procession of the Magi and Lippi's Vision of St. Bernard.

—The following are the Methodist appointments for the Tieng Ang Tong Circuit, China: Tieng Ang Tong, Hu Po Mi; Hok-ong-ong, Sia Sek Ong; Ngu-cheng, Ma Tiong Mwang; Ngu-ks, Ngu Sin Mi; Ku-cheng, Hu Sing Mi; Boys' School, S. L. Baldwin; Girls' School, B. Woolston, S. H. Woolston.

—The first Episcopal cathedral ever built in New England was opened in Portland for the first time on Christmas. It has been fully organized, after the English system, by Right Rev. Dr. Neely, the Bishop of Maine. Thus the the youngest diocese in the New England States, that of the State of Maine, is the first one to have its full cathedral system.

—Michigan affords a noble example to all of the Western States as regards educational facilities. An army of nearly ten thousand teachers is at the service of the State in its warfare against ignorance. Last year she spent almost two million and a half for school purposes, of which male teachers received $384 513, and female teachers $653 668. Moreover, the common school system is crowned and completed by a university, the most complete in its organization of any in the country. Fortunate Michigan!

—The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: Having adjourned over until Monday nex', the Judges went into consultation at an early hour for the purpose, it is understood, of deciding on the constitutionality of the Legal Tender Act. Notwithstanding all the reports in circulation as to how the Judges stand on that question, not one of them have indicated to any person how he stands touching this matter. Some time will elapse before the opinion of the Court will be delivered.

—The question of prohibiting bank officers from certifying checks unless the whole amount is in the possession of the bank, in accordance with the recommendation of the Comptroller of the Currency, has been under consideration by the House Banking Committee, and they have determined to report on the bill according to the Comptroller's recommendation. The Senate Finance Committee have also discussed the subject, and are opposed to it.

—It seems that it is the Spanish Government which is renewing the agitation of the sale of Cuba to the United States. The continual drain of troops needed to put down the insurrection, and the accompanying drain of money, may have induced the Spaniards to swallow their pride and make the best of an ugly situation. Perhaps in a few months they may be willing to pay us something handsome to take the elephant off from their hands. We can wait, if they can.

—A Paris correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser*, writing about Miss Hauck, says: "A long sojourn in Italy to improve her taste, knowledge, and execution, whilst her physical strength develops, is recommended by those who think it possible for her to become the great artist which she certainly is not now. Among the *connoisseurs* who expressed this opinion the other evening were Auber and Prince Poniatowski."

—The present session of the London Society for the Encouragement of Fine Arts comprises four *conversaziones*, three classical musical evenings, four art exhibitions, and nine lectures.

—A Boston gentleman a few days ago, dined with a club, and invited its members to dine with him on Tuesday. They came at the time appointed—to his funeral.

—Oranges were frozen solid on the trees at St. Augustine, Fla., on Christmas day. Last year, at the same time, the Florida ladies were dressed in lawns.

—A returned Californian was introduced to, courted, and married a Lowell girl—all within twenty-four hours. There's enterprise.

—The French journalists in the prison of St. Pelagie have caught an idea from George Francis Train, and publish a weekly paper from that place.

—In a late Maine shipwreck the captain and his wife saved themselves with life-preservers, and a Newfoundland dog swam ashore with the baby.

—A Lowell youth, to whom a sweetheart had said no, heroically jumped into the river. But it was too cold, and he crawled out again.

—The weather at St. Augustine, Fla., this winter, has been colder than for thirty-three years, and ice has formed an inch thick.

—"A violin solo by Prince Louis Napoleon" is the announcement on a charity concert programme at London in 1867.

SO IT GOES.

Something to be Read and Pondered by Brownlow.

About 650 years ago, on an island meadow in the river Thames, still known as Runnymede, on the 12th of August, the Iron-clad friends of freedom met King John and wrested from him Magna Charta, the great charter of English liberty. It contained these words: "No man shall be arrested, imprisoned, or deprived of his own free household, or of his liberties, or of his own free customs, or outlawed and banished, or injured in any manner; nor will we pass sentence upon him, nor send trial upon him, unless by the legal judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land." This is the great germ of our civil liberty. It was defended in England by many bloody wars, and has been ratified by many acts of Parliament, and at the present day no King or Parliament of England would dare in any way to restrict the privilege of the *habeas corpus*. It was engrafted as a fundamental principle in our Constitution, and our forefathers believed it to be a sure guarantee for the rights of future generations.

About six years before the Federal Constitution was adopted, a remarkable prophecy was uttered under the following circumstances: In 1870, Henry Laurens, former President of the Continental Congress, was sent as Minister to Holland. On his way he was captured and imprisoned in the Tower of London for fourteen months. When Lord Shelburne became Premier, Laurens was brought up on habeas corpus and released. After his release he dined with Lord Shelburne, when the conversation turned on the separation of the two countries. Lord Shelburne remarked: "I am sorry for your people." "Why so?" asked Laurens. "They will lose the habeas corpus," was the reply. "Lose the habeas corpus?" said Laurens, in astonishment. "Yes," said Lord Shelburne. "We purchased it with centuries of wrangling, many years of fighting, and had it confirmed by at least fifty acts of Parliament. All th's taught the nation its value; and it is so ingrained in their creed, as the very foundation to their liberty, that no man or party will ever dare to tramp on it. Your people will pick it up and attempt to use it, but, having cost them nothing, they will not know how to appreciate it. At the first great internal feud that you have, the majority will trample upon it, and so will go your liberty."

GREELEY.

"You Lie, You Villain, You Lie."

The New York *Democrat* of recent date says: George Francis Train delivered the first of a series of seven lectures on his favorite topics, the finances and Fenianism, last evening. Mr. Train was in his usual lively vein, and amused and aroused the enthusiasm of his entire audience for two hours, talking about a little of everything, and coming around at stated intervals to the main subjects. The point of the evening was a thirteen stanza epigram on "Horace Greeley," which he denominated "Thirty Years of Horace Greeley'sm Boiled Down." He said he had adopted, as a closing line to each stanza, an expression of H. G.'s frequently used in the *Tribune*, "You lie, you villain, you lie." The following are specimen stanzas:

Fall of editorial rain,
Calling everybody liar,
Your rotten paper will not pay,
You lie, you villain, you lie.

On finance, ignorant Horace G.,
Teaching natives A. B. C.,
Barring like a bumble bee,
You lie, you villain, you lie!

On the finance question, Mr. Train was very earnest in advocating an equal currency for all. He read, with effect, an epigram on the bondholders and the people, commencing with this stanza:

Work, work, work!
With pick, and shovel, and ax,
To pay the New England contractors,
Your own and the bondholders' tax.

INDICTMENT.

The Radical Party Indicted by the Evening Post.

The Steps by which it is Going to the Dogs.

What it Has Done for the Capitalists.

What it Has Not Done for the Workingmen.

So reckless and unscrupulous have become the dominant party in Congress—so utterly regardless of the most vital interests of the nation—that many of their own organs can no longer resist the impulse to denounce them. The following, under the head of "Who will save the Republican party?" appears in the New York *Evening Post* of the 19th:

When a political party has a great predominance it is pretty sure to draw to itself the rogues, the unscrupulous, and the self-seekers in the community. That is the danger of such an ascendancy. A party may become the tool of corrupt men, because its leaders are careless, and over-confident of their strength, and because the rogues and self-seekers are attracted to it from a desire to use it as their instrument.

When a party becomes corrupt, the people, who endure for a while with that patience which short-sighted politicians are so sure to misunderstand, persistently leave it and take up the other party, even if they run the risk of faring but little better by the change.

It seems to many thoughtful friends of the Republican party that it is running just now a good deal of risk of such a popular desertion. It has amongst its leaders wise, prudent and good men; but these are, in many cases, over-ridden by glib-tongued demagogues, by unscrupulous speculators, and by men too ignorant for these times, which demand at least a decent knowledge of political science in the legislator.

Now that Gen. Grant is elected, and is presently to be installed as President, it is time, in the opinion of many good men, for the Republican party to look the future squarely in the face, and to determine upon some policy which shall not be merely hand-to-mouth. The war is over. Appeals to loyalty will hardly answer in future elections. The country is safe, for four years to come at least, from those terrible Southerners; the universal suffrage cry will scarcely suffice to win the next Presidential election; and Grant has himself announced that policy which in this case, as in some others, is undoubtedly the best, namely, Honesty.

If the Republican party is to live, it must be the party of economy, the party of equal taxation, the party of fair play. Now, as to economy, look for a moment at some of the schemes which have been brought before the present Congress, and all by Republicans:

Four and a half millions are asked to complete public buildings in Washington.

A new "White House" is also proposed, which would cost at least four or five millions more.

A quarter of a million is asked to subsidize steamships.

Eight millions to lay a telegraph cable in the Pacific ocean.

Five millions for the Sutro tunnel.

Three and a half millions to the Commercial Navigation Company.

Five millions a year for the harbor of New York.

Then there are bonds to railroads; there is Mr. Spencer's proposition that the United States shall buy all the cotton; there are grants of lands to railroads by the hundred thousand acres; there is an appropriation of hundreds of thousands of dollars to print worthless agricultural reports, and of other thousands to print an equally worthless report on education.

As for fair play and equal taxation, the people, who endure for a while with that patience which short-sighted politicians are so sure to misunderstand, persistently leave it and take up the other party, even if they run the risk of faring but little better by the change.

Who, then, will save the Republican party from destruction? Who will regain for it the confidence of the people? Who will unite to impose upon it wise measures, and denounce as contrary to its objects and policy all corruption, all extravagance, all favoritism, all partial legislation? Unless the party has leaders competent and courageous enough to do this, it is likely to be ruined, to fall into general disgrace, before the administration of Grant is half over.

It is not enough that the attempts of the monopolists to increase the burdens they lay on the people shall be defeated. It is necessary that some influential party leaders shall push through with might and main legislation reducing the odious "protective" taxes, relieving the people of the oppression under which they lie, breaking up these monopolies which make living dear and the laborer's and mechanic's life hard, and denouncing as anti-Republican every scheme which looks to support from the treasury, and as the enemy of the Republican party every one who brings forward or favors such a scheme. That is the way to save the Republican party. Who will do it?

CUBA.

The Origin of the Troubles in that Sunny Isle.

An account of all the efforts made by prominent Cubans to obtain political rights from the mother country, is a history of humiliations and disappointments. During the reign of Philip II and Philip III, it was officially declared that Spain and her American colonies ought to be ruled by laws as equal and convenient to both as possible; the political condition of Cuba and Spain being then entirely alike.

In 1811 Spain enjoyed, for the first time, the blessings of a constitutional government, and Cuba was entitled to have two representatives in the Spanish Cortes. Three years after, the despotism of Fernando VII was established, and again overthrown by Riego in 1820. Louis XVIII of France sent his nephew with a powerful army to replace Fernando on the Spanish throne, and then commenced that period which recalls the rule of Philip II. Fernando died in 1833, and the nation was divided into two parties; one defending the principles of fanaticism and absolute power, the other the doctrine of political liberty for the people. The liberal party was victorious after some years of civil war, and then the Estatuto Real was given as a political chart to the Spaniards, being introduced in Cuba with such alterations that the Captain General remained in full possession of their autocratic authority. Although the Cubans were greatly displeased on seeing that they were considered inferior to the inhabitants of the Spanish provinces, they sent their representatives to the Cortes. The Estatuto was still-born. In 1836 the constitution of 1812 was again proclaimed in Spain; and the Cortes Constituyentes agreed, after some hesitation, that Cuba should send a representative for every 50,000 inhabitants.

On the 24th of October, 1836, the Cortes Constituyentes assembled, and Cuba had in them four representatives. These presented their credentials, and not receiving any official answer, Deputy Saco urged the examination of said documents. In February of 1837, a committee proposed to the Cortes a resolution "that in the future no representative of the colonies shall be admitted to the Cortes." The elected deputies drew up a dignified protest, but the Spanish government, nevertheless, confirmed to the Captain-General all the powers granted by the royal ordinances to the commanders of besieged places."

The news of the constitution being proclaimed in Spain, was brought to Santiago de Cuba the 28th of September, and the Governor, Gen. Lorenzo, proclaimed it in that department. Captain-General Don Miguel Tacon, a sworn enemy to all constitutional liberty, sent an armed expedition against the Governor of Cuba, and the latter, without making any resistance, was obliged to leave the country, followed by all those who were known by their liberal principles. The Spanish government approved Tacon's conduct without listening to the just reclamations made by Deputy Valiente, who had been sent to Spain to defend the proceedings of Gen. Lorenzo.

In 1854, prominent persons in Cuba, well known by their talents and wealth, asked representation for the Island in the Spanish Cortes. A Spaniard, editor of an official paper, wrote a pamphlet in favor of the proposition, but its circulation was prohibited by the Captain-General. The writer was the author of that memorable phrase, "Cuba must be Spanish or African."

In 1858 another Spaniard, in a pamphlet entitled the "Aspirations of Cuba," defended the right of the Cubans to send their representatives to Congress, but all these efforts were unsuccessful.

In 1861, Marshal Serrano was appointed Captain-General of Cuba, and encouraged the party called Concessionists to a new trial of patience by asking the desired political rights. Notwithstanding the opposition of the Spanish papers in Cuba, Gen. Lolue, the successor of Serrano, authorized by the Minister of the Colonies, caused the Common Councils of Cuba to elect commissioners to be sent to Spain. The secret instructions given to the Captain-General appeared in a decree issued by him, in which it was plainly seen that the electing of said commissioners was made so as to diminish the number of real estate owners, increasing that of the persons who were against the reforms. At last sixteen commissioners were elected, and they departed for Spain. On the 30th October, the first session took place, under the Presidency of the Minister of the Colonies. The first of November every Commissioner received a printed circular with an interrogatory concerning "the best ways and means to regulate the labor of the African and Asiatic population, and the immigration more convenient for the provinces of Cuba and Porto Rico." To treat such questions the Commissioners had left their homes and traveled hundreds of miles. The President denied them even the right to discuss on the order of the questions asked, and they had to form four committees, to give information about the proposed points. It would be tedious to give a report of the sessions, in which nothing was said about political rights. The Commissioners came back to their country with the sad experience that the Spanish Government was more reluctant than ever to grant Cuba the least particle of liberty. Whether to punish the insolence of the colonies or to throw upon the Concessionists the responsibility of the new state of things, Cuba was overburdened with heavy taxations, which, having exasperated even those who wanted peace at any cost, have given the patriots encouragement to shake off the yoke of the colonial Government.

—A poor man in Ohio thinks himself heir to $140 000,000 in England, and is issuing $1000 bonds for $10 apiece to raise money to take him over.

—The assessed value of real estate in San Francisco is $63,576,179, owned by about fifteen thousand persons, who pay a land tax of $1,939,073.

—Madame Ronalds, *nee* Miss Carter, of Boston, has won her divorce case in Paris, and is to have eighty thousand livres per year and the custody of her children.

SADDLERY, ETC.

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,

No. 177 Main Street,

Near Overton Hotel, Woodruff Block,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddlery, Harness, Bridles, Collars

Whips and Hardware.

☞ A new stock just received. ja3

HARDWARE

ALLISON BROS.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

HARDWARE,

GUNS, CUTLERY, ETC.

—:

SOLE AGENTS FOR

E. Carver & Co.'s Improved Cotton Gins,

MacNeale & Urban's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

Tennessee Charcoal and Kentucky Iron,

270 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.
de8 6m

PHYSICIANS.

DR. RUSSELL'S

DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY

MEMPHIS, TENN.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the Southwest, established in 1853, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, Fits, Consumption, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, and all the diseases arising from the indiscretion of youth, permanently cured. Also, Chronic Diseases in all their forms effectually cured at the above-named institution—Dr. RUSSELL, Consulting Physician.

☞ Treatise on Chronic Diseases furnished free on application. jal

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,

233 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates.

aug6 daw tf

GROCERS.

G. W. GRIFFIN. W. P. VANDIVER, Late of West Point, Miss.

GRIFFIN & VANDIVER,

GROCERS,

GENERAL PRODUCE

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—AND DEALERS IN—

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

207 Main Street,

MEMPHIS. : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Consignments of Country Produce solicited. ja15

J. P. COFFIN. CHAS. COFFIN. Late with Woolfolk, Phillips & Co. HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.

New New Orleans Sugar.

New New Orleans Molasses and Syrup, and Golden Syrup.

Coffee—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha.

Fresh supply of Teas.

Mackerel—Mess, No. 1 and No. 2; Smoked Salmon and Bloaters; Codfish, plain and dessicated.

Best Brands of Flour.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. de12

500 sacks Black Seed Oats.
500 bbls. Pinkeye Potatoes.
1500 bales choice Hay.

DENIE & CO.,
41 South Court Square.
ja9

Spicer & Sharpe,

354 MAIN STREET,

MAGEVNEY BLOCK.

CHOICE GROCERIES!

Receiving constantly Fresh Supplies

Yarmouth Bloaters—genuine;

Salmon, Codfish and Mess Mackerel;

New Currants, Raisins, Figs, Citron and Prunes;

Choice Coffees;

Choice Teas—a fresh supply.

ja15 SPICER & SHARPE

JUST RECEIVED BY

MEACHAM & TREADWELL

No. 9 Union Street,

Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.

100 Hhds. Louisiana Sugars,
300 Bbls. and Half Bbls. Molasses,
300 Bags Rio Coffee,
15 Tons Beard's Button Ties,

Which, with their large assortment of Goods already in store, makes their stock one of the largest and most complete to be found in the city. They invite an examination, feeling confident their prices and goods will give satisfaction. To the trade they are prepared to offer extra inducements de4 tf

HARDWARE

IRVING BLOCK.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

YANNISSEE WHISKEY

HAVING LEARNED THAT PARTIES IN LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI AND THIS CITY pretend to sell the "Yannissee" Whisky, we hereby give notice that we will bring suit for damages against any RESPONSIBLE party we may discover attempting to sell this brand of Whisky, and will publish them as selling a SPURIOUS article. We have had the sole use and control of the "Yannissee" brand for nearly twenty years, and none is genuine without our brand on the barrels.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,

NO. 254 SECOND STREET,

Irving Block, - - Memphis, Tenn.,

HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE AND IN BOND,

600

BARRELS

YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,

AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKEY.

M. MAGEVNEY, Late of A. Vaccaro & Co. J. W. ROGAN, Late of A. J. Roach & Co.

MAGEVNEY & ROGAN,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

— AND DEALERS IN —

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC!

320 FRONT STREET, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

COTTON---COMMISSION

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up-Stairs,

Over H. S. Taylor & Co.,

ja15 daw MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. R. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,

(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)

COTTON FACTORS,

General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,

210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments sep4

C. C. PARTEE. B. FRANK HARBERT. Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. Memphis, Tenn.

Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS,

—WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 11 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

☞ Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 3m

SPRAGUE, SOULE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

BOSTON, MASS.,

REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY

THOMAS TROUT & SONS,

208 Front Street.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignmen of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sep17 3m

DISSOLUTIONS.

Dissolution of Copartnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of ROSE & VIGUS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, M. Rose having purchased the entire interest of F. W. Vigus, and assumes all the liabilities of said firm, and alone is authorized to sign the firm's name in liquidation. M. ROSE,
F. W. VIGUS.

I return my thanks to our friends and the public generally for past favors, and cheerfully recommend my former partner for their generous support. F. W. VIGUS.

Memphis, January 20, 1869. ja21

Dissolution.

THE firm of WIGGS, CHEEK & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. J. Wiggs is authorized to settle the business of said firm. J. M. WIGGS,
J. W. PAGE, Jr.
January 4, 1869. [ja5] GEO. W. CHEEK.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of J. N. OLIVER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Wm. Whitaker having purchased the entire interests of Joseph N. Oliver and Wm. C. Bardsley, and assumes all the liabilities of said firm. Either partner can sign the firm's name in liquidation. JOSEPH N. OLIVER,
WM. WHITAKER,
WM. C. BARDSLEY.

We return our thanks to our friends and the public generally for past favors, and cheerfully recommend our former partner for their generous support. JOSEPH N. OLIVER.
ja14 WM. C. BARDSLEY.

BOOKS, ETC.

YOUNG & BROTHER.

Booksellers & Stationers

No. 248 Main Street.

Woodburn Grange,
Doubly False,
The Lost Beauty,
Memphis City Directory,

A few copies left. Call soon, if you wish one, at YOUNG & BROTHER,
ja18 No. 248 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

HIDES, ETC.

ASHBROOK & WHITE

(Successors to Geo. Pallier & Co.,)

DEALERS IN

FURS, DEER SKINS

—AND—

HIDES,

ADAMS STREET,

Bet. Front Row and Water Sts.,

North Side

CASH PAID FOR

HIDES FURS & DEER SKINS!

de3 tf

JEWELRY, ETC.

NEW GOODS

—FOR THE—

HOLIDAYS!

No. 265,

Corner Main and Court.

Sterling Silver Wares,
Very Superior Watches,
Rich Jewelry and Diamonds,
Fine French Clocks,

(In Marble and Gold Bronze).

F. D. BARNUM & CO.;

(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)

de6 1m s 265 MAIN STREET.

265 MAIN ST., COR. COURT.

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

(Successors to Pooley, Barnum & Co.,)

JEWELERS,

HAVE IN STORE AN

UNEQUALED ASSORTMENT

—OF—

PLATED WARES

OF THE BEST

AMERICAN & ENGLISH MANUFACTURE

F. D. BARNUM & CO.,

265 Main Street.

de17 1m

Mississippi Valley Navigation Co.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Directors and Stockholders of the Mississippi Valley Navigation Company of the South and West will be held at the offic of Rawe & Forstall, No. 124 Common street, in the city of New Orleans, La., on THURSDAY, January 28, 1869, at 7 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and transacting such other business as may come before the meeting.

JOHN R. WATKINS,
D. DERAVEN,
Attest: NEWTON S. OTIS.
NEWTON S. OTIS, Sec'y. [ja28] Directors.

TO THE PUBLIC

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL, *one year*.....$10 00
WEEKLY APPEAL, *one year*.....2 50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; *each subsequent insertion* 50 *cents per Square.*
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 *cents per line each insertion.*
Monthly advertisements, $8 *for first and* $4 *for each additional square.*
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 20 *cents per line first insertion, and* 10 *cents per line per month.*
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.
AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 26, 1869

THE WEEKLY APPEAL.

We desire to impress upon the merchants of Memphis that they cannot more worthily compliment their customers than by sending them copies of the mammoth WEEKLY APPEAL, *containing all the news of the week from every part of the world, a weekly summary of the Memphis markets, telegraphic news, local news and editorials. The issue for this week is now ready, and may be had at the counting-room, in wrappers ready for mailing, at* FIVE CENTS PER COPY.

The friends of the APPEAL *are reminded that the subscription price of the* WEEKLY *has been reduced from* $4 *to* $2 50 *per annum; at which rate it is one of the cheapest papers published in the United States.*

Advertisers are also reminded that the constantly increasing circulation of the WEEKLY APPEAL, *makes it as valuable an advertising medium as can be found in the Southwest. Only a limited number of advertisements taken, and at special rates.*

MARTIAL LAW.

The threatened supplemental proclamation of Governor BROWNLOW has been promulgated, and martial law been declared in *twenty five* of the principal, most wealthy and most influential counties of the State. Civil law is no longer paramount in Franklin, Sumner, Giles, Marshall, Maury, Lincoln, Bedford, Rutherford, Coffee, White, Jackson, Overton, Putnam, Wilson, Gibson, Weakley, Dyer, Obion, Lauderdale, Madison, Haywood, Tipton, Hickman, Humphreys or Benton counties.

Thus fully 500,000 of the people of the State, and $135,000,000 of its real estate, is placed at the mercy of an unscrupulous Governor, and a less scrupulous militia. The very flower of our population, the most industrious and wealthy and the most enterprising have been selected as the objects of the Governor's malevolence. Fully one half of the property of the State has been put at the mercy of a militia, the character of which may be surmised from the conduct of the body, by command of which, Gen. COOPER last year won unfading laurels as a militia officer. With the example of CLAYTON's thieves, murderers and rapers before us, we may well imagine the results to the State and people, not alone in the cessation of trade and industry, but in the disappearance of such personalty as can be "toted" on horseback, sent by express, or used for the comfort of the back or the inner man. If ever we were tempted to believe in the doctrine of earthly rewards and punishments, it is now, when BROWNLOW is meting to a quiet, inoffensive people the hell of his own heart.

UNIVERSAL AMNESTY—UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

We learn from Nashville that a letter has been forwarded to HORACE GREELEY, signed by many prominent Conservatives and Democrats of that city, expressing their acceptance of the *Tribune's* policy of "universal amnesty and universal suffrage," in final settlement of the difficulties growing out of the differences between the Democratic and Republican parties. While we do not abate one jot our old-time respect for Gov. NEIL S. BROWN or his confreres in this movement, we question their right or authority to make any such advance in the name of the Conservative party of Tennessee, as we question the right or authority of HORACE GREELEY to receive such a proposition in the name or in behalf of any but himself, and possibly the *Tribune* staff. Such a movement is absurd and beneath the dignity of the people of Tennessee. They will not to any extent endorse this *Tribune* doctrine of "universal amnesty and universal suffrage;" on the contrary, we believe they will now, as quickly and as generally as at any time in their history, scout it with contempt. But, aside from this, we have the word of a prominent Senator of the Republican party that such an overture at this time from any of the States of the South will be of no avail. TRUMBULL, of Illinois, says: "Such a thing as universal amnesty in exchange for universal suffrage is an impossibility at present. I hold that until Congress is satisfied that every Union man in the South is as safe in that section as he is in Massachusetts and Pennsylvania, no such thing as universal amnesty can succeed." This means that until the Republican party can be assured of perpetual ascendancy, it is useless to look for an extension of the suffrage that will include the intelligence and industry of the Southern States. It's all moonshine to talk of universal amnesty for universal suffrage.

IN our issue of yesterday we published (copied from an exchange) an extract of a letter from Gen. JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, in which that distinguished gentleman mentioned, in very high terms, a former servant, TOM FERGUSON, among other things crediting him with having refused to join the Radical Convention of Arkansas. We regret, on account of Gen. BRECKINRIDGE, that TOM has proven himself anything but entitled to his confidence. TOM is not only at the head of the Loyal League of Laconia, Ark., but one of the most desperate and unmitigated villains in a State overrun by villains. He has headed every devilment of which the Radical ruffians of that place could be guilty, and originated special occasions of outrage, robbery and wrong. TOM is a living proof that "there is no trusting a nigger."

JUDGE HOUK, of the Seventeenth Judicial District, who is now on trial before the Legislature, charged with inefficiency, drunkenness, lewdness and atheism, is apologized for by a neighbor, who says "the whole thing is nothing but a mean "persecution—that's what it is—and every body that knows anything about his "circuit, knows it. Just ask any lawyer "that practices over in Morgan or Scott, "he'll tell you, if he tells the truth, that a "man that *ain't up to all three of them* "*things*—that is if 'infidelity' means "cussin'—*ain't no more repected over in* "*that beat than if he was a common mis*"*sionary circuit rider. The women folks* "*won't notice him at all, and as for the* "*men, they don't hanker after anybody* "*that's above takin' just as much moun*"*tain juice as he pleases.* I know all "about these things, and if Allen Mc"Daniel was alive *he* could tell the Legis"lature some things. *Judge Houk is* "*just obleeged to keep up with the ways* "*of them people,* or he couldn't get to "hold his court at all. *Judge Houk's* "*been doin' nothing but his duty, and he* "*satisfies the folks—all of 'em.*" The Legislature should make a note of this.

IT is mooted in Washington as among the possibilities of the future that Gen. JOHN A. LOGAN may succeed the drunken YATES as Senator from Illinois. A correspondent says:

"I am told by the knowing ones that if Washburne goes into the Cabinet, Gen. Logan goes to the Senate; and if Washburne has the Senate, Gen. John A. will be Secretary of War."

THE Government has restored to Gen. BEAUREGARD his Memphis property, which was condemned five years ago. It has also been determined to deliver over his private papers, which are now in the War Department. They were captured about the close of the war.

By Telegraph.

COTTON.

The following table contrasts the benefits of Memphis, as a Cotton Market, over all other cities:

LIVERPOOL	11¾d
NEW YORK	28⅝c
NEW ORLEANS	27½c
LOUISVILLE	28½c
CINCINNATI	28c
MEMPHIS	27 1-2c

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, January 25.—It is stated now that there is reason to believe that the parties implicated in the murder of Mr. Rogers have gone to Europe.

INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., January 25.—A prize fight between Mike Donovan, of Chicago, and John Bauge, of Peru, Ind., was fought near Tipton, Ind., this forenoon, which resulted in favor of Donovan on the thirty-third round.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, January 25.—Reverdy Johnson has accepted an invitation to dine with the corporate authorities of Manchester some time in February.

PARIS, January 25.—It is rumored that the cities of Seville and Cadiz have proclaimed in favor of the Duke of Montpensier for King of Spain.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, January 25.—Gen. Stoneman issued an order to-day appointing Gens. Wilcox and Granger and Col. Franklin, to constitute a Board which shall investigate and report on the applications for any offices in Virginia except executive State officers in the capitol, and thus enable the commanding officers to fill the vacancies now existing, and which it is contemplated may exist within the next thirty days. Seven hundred and twenty-nine civil officers have been removed.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, January 25.—Jay Gould, the New York Railway king, and suite, arrived in this city yesterday evening. It is stated that arrangements have been made giving him control of the Nashville road, whose track will be made six feet on the completion of the Ohio and Mississippi extension, via North Vernon, to this city. Within a twelve month passengers may possibly go from New York to New Orleans by an unbroken six-feet guage. The party leaves this evening, on the five o'clock train, for Cincinnati.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, January 25.—Dominican advices say that Baez has sold Alta Vela to a French company, ignoring the previous sale. The American minister protested, and has sent for a man-of-war. Baez has invited Ex-President Cabral and his followers to return, which would be accepted if Baez abdicates, and a general amnesty is proclaimed.

In Havana yesterday the Spanish troops were fired upon from the house tops. The fire was returned, but no casualities are supposed to have occurred. Some volunteers fired into the Louvre coffee house yesterday, killing several persons, and wounding dangerously two ladies. Several children were also killed while leaving the theater.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, January 24.—The *Tribune's* dispatch from Denver, Colorado, reports the killing of a man named Maguire, in a saloon at Georgetown last night, by a woman.

To-day's Omaha *Herald's* correspondence frames a new Sioux reservation, and predicts much trouble next spring from the Sioux and Northern Cheyennes.

At an early hour this morning, Fred Sticker, private detective, entered Kelley's saloon, No. 96 Dearborn street, in quest of Baechler, a discharged employee, who was suspected of fraud against his employer. While there Baechler attacked the detective and cut his head so severely with a hatchet, that his recovery is pronounced hopeless. The murderer was arrested.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, January 25.—Departed—P. W. Strader, for New Orleans.

The river is falling with 20½ feet in the channel. The weather is cloudy. Thermometer, 32°.

ST. LOUIS, January 25.—Arrived—Luminary, from Vicksburg.

Departed—Henry Ames and Continental, for New Orleans.

The river is falling, with plenty of water below.

LOUISVILLE, January 25.—Departed—Louisville, for New Orleans.

The weather is unsettled and cold. The river is falling, with 8 feet in the canal.

CAIRO, January 25.—Down—Longworth, 10 p.m.; City of Alton, 11 p.m., both last night; Lizzie Gill, 2 a.m. to-day.

Up—Silver Moon, 5 a.m.

The river fell 8 inches. The weather is cloudy.

NEW ORLEANS, January 25.—Arrived—Lady Gay, Westmoreland, Mary Houston and Mississippi.

Departed—Olive Branch, J. W. Garrett and barges, Alice Dean and John Kilgour.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—The Election Committee heard this morning further argument from Judge Paschall, of Texas, in behalf of Lewis Jones, the contestant of the seat of Col. Mann, of Louisiana, deceased, who had been seated. Col. Hunt and Menard (negro) desiring a further hearing, the Committee will continue the case, and further argument will be heard to-morrow.

The Reconstruction Committee heard this morning a delegation of Virginia Methodists in opposition to the Committee of Nine, as far as it modifies the Constitution in the matter of Church property.

An order has been issued from the Headquarters of the Army which directs that a contract made with a private physician by the Surgeon General or Medical Director of a Department, will be annulled only by the direction of those officers, or by that of the commanding General of a Military Division of the Department.

The following officers have been assigned to duty in accordance with their brevet rank of Major-General: Gen. Buchanan, Colonel of the First Infantry, and Gen. Gillem, Colonel of the Twenty-fourth Infantry.

Over the thousand miles of the Union Pacific railroad are now finished and in operation. The Central Pacific railroad having built 500 miles, but 267 remains to be built, and there is no doubt but that the entire line to the Pacific will be opened early this season. The earnings of the Union Pacific railroad for the year 1868 are officially reported at $106 651 61.

Mrs. Lincoln, in a petition presented to the Senate to-day, says, in order to live in a style becoming the widow of the Chief Magistrate of a great nation, she should have a handsome pension. The petition was referred to the Pension Committee.

It is estimated that there are at least 1000 distilleries in operation throughout the country, and reports received at the Treasury Department say that the number will be largely increased.

Gen. Schofield will appear before the Reconstruction Committee to-morrow, to testify as to affairs in Virginia. This is in response to a request of the Virginia Committee.

This evening Inspector Dacks received a telegram from the Baltimore Police, stating that a burglary had been committed on Friday on a Baltimore bank, (names not given), and $125,000 stolen.

The report of the majority of the Judiciary Committee, in the case of Senator Hill, of Georgia, bases his exclusion on the fact that he received votes of a large number of members of the Legislature, who were disqualified under the Fourteenth Amendment, and on the additional fact of the expulsion of the colored members of the Legislature. The committee also state on the authority of the Freedmen's Bureau, as another reason for Mr. Hill's expulsion, that Georgia is in a condition of anarchy, 336 murders having been committed in that State between January 15th and November 1st, 1868, and that the civil Government has evinced its inability or unwillingness to protect the rights of all its citizens.

Mr. Trumbull's minority report concludes that Congress having declared Georgia entitled to admission it is not competent for either House to refuse admission to regularly accredited representatives, and that the charge that the 14th amendment was not ratified by Georgia in good faith was not sustained by a particle of evidence.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, January 25.

SENATE.

The credentials of Mr. Ramsay, of Minnesota, were presented.

Mr. Edmonds, from the Committee on Retrenchment, reported a bill repealing the tenure-of-office bill, with amendments leaving the heads of departments and the Cabinet subject to the removal of the President during a recess of the Senate, and authorizing him to suspend all other civil officers during the recess, without having specific evidence to justify the same.

Mr. Stewart, from the Judiciary Committee, made a report accompanied by a resolution, that Joshua Hill, claiming to be a Senator from Georgia, ought not now to be permitted to take his seat.

Mr. Trumbull presented a dissenting minority report, which, with the majority report, was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Hendricks said he was unable from illness to prepare a dissenting minority report, but would express his views when the subject came up.

The bill releasing Mrs. McGashogen was then taken up, and discussed until the expiration of the morning hour, when the bill relating to the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad was taken up. Messrs. Stewart and Fessenden favored the bill, and Conkling opposed it, but without action thereon the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

Several bills were introduced and referred, including one by Mr. Kelsey for funding and paying the national debt.

Mr. Robinson introduced a resolution declaring that the people of the United States will not approve of the treaty for the settlement of the Alabama claims, nor of any other treaty with England while American citizens are held in prison in Great Britain for acts done under the American flag, and that the people think that the settlement of the Alabama claims of very little importance.

Mr. Carley offered a resolution for the better protection of loyal men at the South, and instructing the Reconstruction Committee to report special legislation for that purpose, to be carried out by the aid of the militia, all of which was appropriately referred.

Mr. Shanks, in behalf of the Arkansas delegation, offered a resolution for the payment of the Arkansas members of the House for the full term of the Fortieth Congress, reciting as precedents the cases of the Louisiana and Tennessee members. Referred to the Reconstruction Committee.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill granting land and the right of way to the Denver Pacific railroad and Telegraph Company, and after some debate it was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Paine asked leave to offer the following resolution, which, he stated, had the approbation of a majority of the members of the Reconstruction Committee, although he was not authorized to report it:

Whereas, It was provided by the Reconstruction Act, passed March 2, 1867, that until the people of the rebellious States shall, by law, be admitted to representation in Congress any civil government existing therein shall be deemed provisional, and that no person shall be eligible to office in such provisional governments who are not qualified for office by the Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States; and, *Whereas*, It is reported that Legislature of Georgia has expelled the colored members thereof, and admitted to their seats white men who received a minority of the votes cast at the polls, and that the members of the Legislature who had been elected thereto by the votes of colored men joined in such action, and that twenty-seven disqualified white men hold seats in said Legislature, in violation of the 14th amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and of the reconstruction acts of Congress; and

Whereas, The Senators from Georgia have not been admitted to the Senate of the United States, therefore

Be it Resolved, That the Committee on Reconstruction be ordered to inquire and report whether any member, during the Fortieth Congress, represented Georgia in the House.

Mr. Ross objected, and Paine withdrew the resolution for the present, giving notice that as soon as he could obtain the floor he would move for a suspension of the rules.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Cotton dull, heavy and lower; sales 1200 bales; uplands 28½c. Superfine flour $5 80@6 35. Whisky $1@1 01. Rice quiet but firm. Island Sugar 11½@12c. Molasses, Muscovado, 37@45c. Corn 92@91 09.

Dry Goods—Heavy brown sheetings 16½@17c for best makes and 16c for seconds. Androscoggin and Lewiston A bags 42½c.

Money—The supply of money is large and increasing while the demand is moderate. Bankers accommodate at 6@7 per cent. and Government dealers at 5@6 per cent. Prime business paper is discounted freely at 7@9 per cent. Sterling firm; 9¼ for Bankers 60 day, and 10⅝@10¾ for short sight. The supply of Commercial bills is scarce. Gold 36½@36¾. Government bonds firm. State bonds firm; New Tennessee 67¾@68; Old 68¾.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, January 25.—Cotton unsettled and nominal; middlings 27½@27½c; sales 1150 bales; receipts since Saturday 9736 bales; exports 2548 bales. Gold 36½. Sterling 48¾. Commercial 47¾@48¾. New York sight ¼ discount. Flour dull; superfine $6 75; XX $7 25; XXX $7 50@8 00. Corn active, 78@80c. Oats firm, 68@70c. Bran $1 10. Hay dull, prime $ 4. Pork active, $31 75@32. Bacon dull; shoulders 15½c; sides 18¾@18¾c. Lard quiet but firm; tierces 20½c; kegs 22c. Sugar steady; common 10¾@10¾c; prime 12¾@13c; yellow clarified 14½@15c. Molasses steady; common 61c; prime 67@68c. Whisky dull; choice 71@72c. Whisky dull; Western rectified 96c@$1 02½. Coffee steady; fair 14¾@15¾c; prime 16¾@17¼c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, January 25.—Tobacco quiet; sales 38 hhds; logs to medium leaf $5@18 50. Cotton 26½c. Pork $31. Lard 20c. Bacon shoulders 14½c; sides 17¾@18½c. Bulk shoulders 13½c; sides 17¾@18c. All packed. Superfine flour $5 75@6 25. Wheat $1 75@1 85. Corn 62@63c. Oats 63@65c. Rye $1 42½@1 45. Whisky, raw, free, $1.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, January 25.—Flour qu'et and unchanged. Corn 67@75c. Rye $1 45. Oats 56c. Cotton dull and nominal; 28c. Whisky 97@98c. Pork held at $31. Bulk shoulders 12½c; sides 15@16½c but held higher. Bacon shoulders 14c; sides 17¾@18c; hams 18½@19c. Lard 20c. Butter 33@36c. Eggs 29@31c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, January 25.—Superfine flour $5 50@6 Wheat, common Fall, $1 35@1 50. Corn 68@72c. Oats 59@66c. Barley $1 85@2 15. Rye $1 25@1 28. Whisky 9 @96c. Pork $30 50@31. Bulk shoulders 13c; clear sides 16½c, packed. Bacon shoulders 14¼@14½c; sides 17¾@18c; hams 18c. Lard held at 18½c.

Foreign Markets.

FRANKFORT, January 25.—United States 5 20's closed at 79½.

LIVERPOOL, January 25.—Cotton closed dull. Uplands 11½@11¾d. Orleans 11¾@12d. Sales 10,000 bales.

PARIS, January 25.—Rentes closed at 70f 72c.

LONDON, January 25.—Consols closed at 93¼@93¾. U. S. 5-20 bonds at 75¾.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

GALLOWAY—The friends and acquaintances of Col. LEWIS G. GALLOWAY are invited to attend his funeral, this Tuesday evening, at half-past 2 o'clock, from Calvary Church.

Services by Rev. Dr. White.

DIED.

HOWARD—At Newburgh, New York, suddenly, on the morning of the 24th inst., Mr. W. F. HOWARD, in the twenty-second year of his age.

Deceased was the only son of our old and respected fellow-citizen, Mr. Wardlow Howard, who in this sudden and sad bereavement will, we are sure, have the sympathy of the community by whom he is so well known. We tender him our sincere condolence.

NEW ADVERTIS'MENTS

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

B. EISMAN,	NEWTON FORD,
F. S. DAVIS,	W. W. THATCHER,
C. P. NORRIS,	W. P. PROUDFIT,
G. H. JUDAH,	W. W. YOUNG,
J. N. OLIVER,	W. R. MOORE,
C. F. SMITH,	J. W. JEFFERSON,

C. C. PARTEE.

F. S. DAVIS, President.
C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President.
Ja26

SOUTHERN HOOPSKIRT

LOUIS LANG, SOLE MANUFACTURER of the Durable and Elegant JOINTLESS SKIRTS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL 198 1-2 MAIN STREET. Special Sizes Made to Order.

MANUFACTORY
Ja26

JOHN LILLY,

—DEALER IN—

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES,

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.,

No. 351 MAIN STREET,

Ja26 Memphis, Tenn.

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER

Packet Compa'y.

THE FOLLOWING ELEGANT PASSENGER Boats of this LINE will leave Memphis hereafter THREE TIMES A WEEK, as follows:

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 5 o'clock p.m.,

THOMAS H. ALLEN.....Reese Pritchard, Master
W. A. CALDWELL.....R. L. Baines, Master
OZARK.....H. Blasdell, Master
ARGOSY.....W. T. Berry, Master
LENI LEOTI.....M. McKee, Master

Connecting at LITTLE ROCK with the Company's new and light-draught packets for Fort Smith and Fort Gibson. Close connections made both ways.

AMERICAN.....Jno. W. Williams, Master
VAN BUREN.....James Rowlin, Master
FORT GIBSON.....John Woodburn, Master
FORT SMITH.....Ed. Nowland, Master

All of the above boats were built expressly for the trade, and are particularly well adapted to it. Passengers and freight will be put through by this line to all points on the Arkansas river without detention, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis should have their goods consigned to "Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company," at Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company, Napoleon, Ark.

Freight received at any time at the Company's office. JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
ja26 304 Front street, Mosby Block.

Dr. W. R. Hodges

Office, 279 1-2 Main Street,

Residence—Peabody Hotel. ja24

L. LEHMAN,

Attorney at Law,

No. 272 Second Street,

AYRES BUILDING, - MEMPHIS, TENN.

ja24

WANTED.—Information regarding the whereabouts of JOHN AND GEORGE JACKSON. When last heard from they were living with their stepmother, Mrs. McCrane, Corinth, Miss. Any information regarding the above named persons will be gladly received by their brother, Frederick Jackson, at Aurora, Kane county, Illinois. ja24

FOR SALE.—One of the finest PLANTATIONS in the Mississippi Bottom, situated 50 miles below Memphis in Arkansas, 2 miles from Bledsoe's Landing, containing 220 acres, with 400 now in a high state of cultivation with dwelling and all necessary outhouses, frame quarters for 50 hands, good gin and mill, stables and cribs, together with all the mules, stock and tools. There is now 30 or 40 good hands on the place that can be had by the purchaser. A great bargain can be had by early application on the premises, or of PRICE & TERRY, Commission Merchants, No. 15 Union street, Memphis, Tenn.

ja7 A. O. HODGES.

HAILE'S

English and Classical School for Boys,

No. 303 Third Street.

THE Spring Session will open on MONDAY, January 25, 1869.

ja21 A. J. HAILE, Principal.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Kilwinning Lodge No. 341, F. and A. M., are hereby notified to attend a special communication, this Tuesday evening, January 26th, at 7 o'clock, for work in the F. C. degree.

All F. C.'s fraternally invited.
By order GEO. MELLERSH, W. M.
BEN. K. PULLEN, Secretary. ja26

Important to Planters.

FIRST PREMIUM SELF SHARPENING DIAMOND CORN MILLS AND COTTON SEED HULLERS. Prices for these Mills range from $15 to $175. Send for descriptive circulars. Address W. D. LEAVITT, 166 Gravier and 17 Union street, New Orleans. ja27 w

Splendid Oil Paintings.

25 SPLENDID OIL PAINTINGS BY A LADY Artist, of this city, may be seen, for two weeks, at Wade's Bookstore. All connoisseurs and lovers of art are invited to examine these beautiful productions, from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. ja24

MEMPHIS FEMALE SEMINARY,

No. 109 Madison Street.

SPRING SESSION OPENS ON MONDAY, January 25, 1869.

ja22 MISS ANNIE D. HAILE, Principal.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

DR. GARRETT, partner of Dr. Tichenor, of Canton, Miss., who made the recent celebrated discovery of a cure for Consumption, Bronchitis and Asthma, will be in Memphis on

Tuesday, 26th Day of January,

When all persons disposed to try this treatment can have an opportunity by applying to Dr. G., at the office of Dr. Wm. Hewitt, No. 227 Second street, in Adams Block.

Dr. G. will only remain in Memphis three days. ja23

Notice of Dissolution.

A. M. LEWIS this day withdraws from the law firm of Heath, Lewis & Frazer. The old business will receive their joint attention. Heath & Frazer will continue the practice at the same office heretofore occupied by the late firm, where A. M. Lewis can be found until further notice.

R. R. HEATH,
A. M. LEWIS,
C. W. FRAZER.

January 22, 1869. ja24

INFORMATION TO PLANTERS.

WE have on hand a consignment of the celebrated DICKSON "SELECT COTTON SEED," which we offer for sale in lots to suit the Planter. This Seed, the most prolific in use, has been known to yield on an average TWO BALES TO THE ACRE. The staple is very superior, and sample stalks may be seen at our office. We respectfully invite the attention of the planting community and the trade generally to the great superiority of this Seed.

Circulars sent to address free.

ja17 E. M. Apperson & Co.

AUCTION.

VALUABLE

CITY AND COUNTRY

REAL ESTATE

AT AUCTION.

WE CALL ATTENTION TO THE LIST OF Valuable Real Estate in our sale on

MONDAY NEXT, FEBRUARY 1st

Farm Lands.

11,000 acres of land on Hatchie river, 4 miles from Bartlett, subdivided into 8 lots, and sold by decree of the Chancery Court of Jackson, on very easy terms—10 per cent. cash, balance 1 and 2 years.

Also, 55 Acres Cleared Land,

1¾ miles east of Germantown, extending from the railroad to the State Line Road. Terms cash.

Suburban Lot.

West half of Lot 28 in Cooper Subdivision, between Central avenue and Memphis and Charleston Railroad. Terms—½ cash, 1 and 2 years.

Improved City Property.

Lot southeast corner of Market and Front streets. Two-story brick Store and Dwelling; 24 by 148½, extending to Front alley. One-half cash; balance 1 and 2 years.

Lot on Raleigh Road, on the hill east of Bayou Gayoso. Lot 87½ by 150, with a Two-story Brick Residence containing 8 rooms.

Sale positive, and warrants titles.

The sale will take place at our Salesroom, northeast corner of Main and Jefferson streets, at 12 o'clock.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.,

Ja26 AUCTIONEERS.

GEORGE H. MONSARRAT. JOHN C. LANIER

Monsarrat, Lanier & Co.,

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

—AND—

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS,

No. 276 Second St., Ayres Building,

de1 tf Memphis, Tennessee.

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oc19 tf

Commissioner's Notice.

Wm. P. Mellen, Trustee, and the United States and Others, against The New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and Others.

HAVING been appointed by the Hon. Bland Ballard, Judge of the United States District Court for the District of Kentucky, a Special Commissioner in the above styled case, to audit and make out a full and complete report to said Court of all bonds and coupons yet unpaid, secured by the first mortgage, and also all bonds and coupons due and unpaid, secured by the second mortgage of the said New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company, and to whom due, and the names of the holders thereto respectively;

Therefore, Notice is hereby given to all bond holders, as aforesaid, to come forward and present and file with me, as said Commissioner, at my office, in the city of Pascuca, and State of Kentucky, all bonds, being the first and second mortgage of said New Orleans and Ohio Railroad Company and coupons thereto belonging and unpaid, on or before the second Monday in March, 1869. W. H. JONES,
nov24 1m Special Commissioner.

THE COAHOMIAN.

PUBLISHED AT

Friars' Point, Mississippi.

THIS newspaper is one of the finest advertising mediums in the State of Mississippi, being the official paper of the counties of Tunica, Coahoma and Bolivar—three of the largest cotton growing counties in the State. Its circulation is not surpassed by any country paper published in the vicinity of Memphis.

J. A. REID & CO.,
nov18 tf Proprietors.

To the Merchants of Memphis.

An Excellent Advertising Medium.

THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN, printed at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., by Z. F. PARRISH, is one of the best advertising mediums within a hundred miles of Memphis—advocates Memphis trade, and circulates in a half dozen of the best counties back of Memphis. Advertisements inserted at low rates.

3 squares, business card, 3 months				$10 00
4	"	"	3	" 12 00
5	"	"	3	" 14 00
6	"	"	3	" 16 00

SUBSCRIPTION.—The BOLIVAR BULLETIN will be sent to any address, one year, for $3 00, payable in advance. ly27 tf

Furniture Removed and Repaired.

I HAVE Furniture Wagons always ready to remove families, or to send for and return furniture needing repairs of any sort. Leave orders at my store, 368 Second street.

ja29 OWEN SMITH, Undertaker.

TRANSPORTATION.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Winter Schedule, Janu'ry 18, 1869

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	1:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:20 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	5:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:25 a.m.
" New York	7 40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 2:15 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day; 5:30 a.m. train arrives in St. Louis 11 p.m. same day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.

Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. Ja21

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY

OF CANADA,

—AND—

Montreal Ocean Steamship Co.

THROUGH FREICHT LINE

First Class Steamships sailing

Every Saturday to Liverpool,

From PORTLAND in Winter and MONTREAL in Summer.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Line are authorized to grant through bills of lading from Memphis to Liverpool and Glasgow. The attention of shippers is called to this route, by which the delays and excessive transfer charges incurred at the large ports are entirely avoided. Bills of Lading contain through rates covering all charges from Memphis to the ship's dock at Liverpool, and low rates and quick time are guaranteed. Fifteen first class steamships are now on the line making regular trips on Saturday of each week. Freights loaded from the cars on dock directly into the vessel.

THROUGH RECEIPTS given to Boston and New England points via. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

For rates and information apply to
THOMAS TROUT & SONS, Agents,
ja7 No. 208 Front street, Memphis.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.

au29 tf S. B. BEAUMONT, Gen. Sup't.

DRUGS, ETC.

THEO. HOERNER,

Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary,

54 and 56 Beal Street,

(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 tf

CONFECTIONERIES.

CHRISTMAS, 1868.

To the City and Country!

JUST RECEIVED—A large stock of Christmas Goods, comprising

PRESERVES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOYS, FIRE WORKS.

And all the Luxuries and Delicacies in the Confectionery line.

PURE CANDIES,

In Endless Variety.

Pastries, Etc.

SEND IN YOUR ORDERS.

L. ROCCO,
249 Main Street,
dell 1m Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A. VACCARO, E. VACCARO, A. E. VACCARO

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

nov28

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Schnapps.

THE above Medicinal Beverage is manufactured by the proprietor, at his distillery, in Schiedam, Holland, expressly for medicinal use.

It is now some twenty years since the proprietor first introduced it to the American public, and during that time he has received over three thousand letters from physicians, indorsing it as the purest liquor they have ever used in their practice.

It is made from barley of the finest quality, selected with great care from the products of the most celebrated grain-growing districts, is flavored with the essence of the aromatic juniper-berry of Italy, and is rectified by a peculiar process, which expels from the spirit every acrid particle.

As a means of preventing and correcting the disagreeable and often dangerous effect produced upon the stomach and bowels by a change of water—a visitation to which travelers, new settlers, and all unacclimated persons in the West, the South, and Southwest are peculiarly liable—the SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS will be found absolutely infallible; while in cases of dropsy, gravel, obstructions of the kidneys, diseases of the bladder, stricture, dyspepsia and general debility, it is recommended most emphatically by the most distinguished members of the medical profession.

It is put up in quart and pint bottles, in cases, with the name of the undersigned on the bottle and cork, and a fac-simile of his signature on the label. For sale by all respectable druggists and country merchants.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Manufacturer and Importer.

ESTABLISHED IN 1828.

MANSFIELD & HIGBEE,
sep11 eod2 Agents, Memphis

**

Advertisements in this column Published at 10 cents per line, each insertion. The cheapest and most conspicuous advertising known to the newspaper world.

WANTS.

WANTED.—A WET NURSE—white or colored. Apply at this office. ja16

FOR RENT.

FRONT STREET STORE FOR RENT—Corner of Walker Alley, between Court and Jefferson Streets. Apply to
J. J. ANDREWS.
ja11 Commercial Hotel.

FOR RENT.—The LEITWICH GARDEN, situated (4) four miles from Court Square, on Old Raleigh road, containing seventeen (17) acres in high state of cultivation, with a large orchard of select fruits, two comfortable cottage residences on the place, with all necessary out-houses, wells, cisterns, etc., and a large amount of hotbed sash. The most complete market garden near the city. Apply to J. H. CASH, City Inspector. ja8

FOR RENT.—A Residence on Vance street, No. 488, opposite the St. Agnes Academy and the terminus of the street cars. Containing eight rooms besides kitchen and servant's room; two good cisterns, stable, fruit trees, etc. For terms apply to COALMAN BOYD,
de2 tf 258 Main street.

FOR RENT.—A Front Room in the house, No. 14 Jefferson street, suitable for cotton broker, lawyer or doctor. It adjoins the editorial room of the Appeal. Inquire of JOHN AINSLIE, at the Appeal office. ja19

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A few Day Boarders wanted at 179 Second street.
ja10 HENRY LAIRD.

LOST--FOUND.

LOST.—On Sunday, the 24th, between Jefferson and Adams, on Third street or Jefferson, opposite theater and St. Peter's Church, a GOLD BREASTPIN, with gentleman's picture on one side and hair on the other. The finder will be suitably rewarded by returning it to Mrs. M. A. McKEOGH, 81 Jefferson st. ja26

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PREMIUM PICTURES TAKEN AT Y. DAY'S Photograph Gallery, 338 Main St. ja18

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

GENTLEMEN'S woolen undershirts and drawers at B. Lowenstein & Bros. at less than cost. †

EDUCATION.—The attention of our readers is directed to the card of W. E. Ward's Seminary, Nashville, Tenn. †

FRESH Savannah river Shad received daily per express, by Victor D. Fuche, 41 Jefferson street. †

Cloaks and shawls at less than cost at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.—Just received one thousand overcoats from $6 to $10 each, at Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main street, Clay Building. tf

A CARD.—Messrs. Menken Bros. beg leave to inform the public that they will sell a large line of winter dress goods, hosiery, flannels and blankets *regardless of cost.* This is done to make room for their spring stock, which will soon be opened. †

GENTLEMEN'S woolen undershirts and drawers at less than cost at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

JOE LOCKE'S NEWS STAND, 236½ Main st., is well supplied with reading matter, and will at all times have a very variety of daily, weekly and monthly papers, as well as magazines and periodicals. All the latest news can be obtained at his manmoth stand. †

Silks marked down at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

GROCERIES.—We call the attention of our friends to the advertisement of John Lilly, retail grocer, 351 Main street.

REOPENED.—The elegant Belle Memphis saloon, No. 14 Adams street, has been reopened by its old proprietor, Gus Wolf, so long and favorably known by the drinking public as a dispenser of good things in the fluid line. We wish him an unlimited run of paying custom.

NEW PAPER.—We have received the first number of the *Weekly Press*, published at Pine Bluff, Ark., by Wyatt C. Thomas, Esq. The paper in matter, make-up, looks, style, etc., is excellent, and we wish Mr. Thomas all success in his new enterprise.

SALESMAN WANTED.—A person well acquainted with city and country trade, who has had experience of selling goods in this city. None others need apply.
MENKEN BROTHERS.

THRIVING.—The *Press*, the new paper published at Pine Bluff, Arkansas, says: "We learn from Mr. E. Currie, City Weigher of this place, that there has been bought and weighed in at this place the present season 5400 bales of cotton. This is exclusive of the large number of bales which have been shipped from this wharf directly to market, without having first been sold here. This speaks well for the business of our "burg," the enterprise of our merchants, and the future prosperity of our section of the State. 'Match it.'"

LADIES', Misses and Childrens' wool hose at cost price at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

FAIR AND CLEAR the sun rose yesterday morning, and St. Paul's day was as bright as heart could wish—a good omen if we may believe the old saying:

"If St. Paul's day be fair and clear,
It does betide a happy year;
But if it chance to snow or rain
Then will be dear all kind of grain;
If clouds or mist do dark the sky
Great store of birds and beast shall die.
And if the winds do fly a-lo t,
Then war shall vex the country of."

Other days in January enjoyed at different periods, and in different places, a similar reputation among old prognosticators, but none of them were anything like so generally held and believed in as the day of the conversion of St. Paul.

ENGLISH SCHOOL BOOKS.—We are indebted to Cowperthwaite, Chapman & Co., for copies of the "Word Expositor and Spelling Guide," the "English Word Book," and "The Junior Reader." These books we are, after careful examination, prepared to recommend to our reading public, not only as among the best aids and assistants in the process of acquisition of a good and sound education, but as necessary to every one, whether he has had the advantage of a liberal education or not. Go and purchase the whole series.

Wanted--City and country people to know that we are offering our splendid stock of Boots, Shoes and Hats at retail, at less than wholesale prices. Satisfy yourselves by looking.
J. T. HANDLAN & CO.,
279 Main Street.
Goods not exactly in style less than cost. †

NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.—The contractors have finished all of the work of paving with the Nicholson pavement let to them in this city. The Chancery Court has decided the question of the property owners' liability in favor of the contractors. The contractors are required by the city to enforce the collection of this tax by suits against the property for its condemnation and sale; hence we shall expect all parties indebted to us for the pavement to come to our office and settle. If there are those who cannot pay the money, let them come up and say frankly what they can and will do, and we shall do what we can in accepting such terms as they may be able to offer us. T. E. BROWN & Co.
January 7, 1869.
Ledger and *Post* copy. †

ARKANSAS.

Burial of Major Harney---A Precious Lot.

The remains of Maj. Harney, brought to this city as related in the APPEAL yesterday morning, were interred yesterday afternoon in Elmwood Cemetery. A large crowd followed them to their final resting place, and many a refugee swore over his cold and inanimate corpse a long and deep hatred and revenge to and upon his murderers.

We are informed that when the militia law first went into operation and Crittenden county was among those put under martial law, two companies of militia were raised and officered by three or four carpet-baggers from Connecticut, who had settled there during the war.

These "sweet scented" individuals believing in miscegenation thoroughly, took unto themselves wives from the sons of Ham, and settled there, each with a couple or so of dusky aspasias as helpmates, from whom they have raised families of molasses-colored children.

When the 'war' broke out a few weeks ago, they moved their dear charges over to this side, and they are now living down in Fort Pickering in clover. Every day or two these officers come over to see their harems, and each time they come loaded with spoils of one sort and another. One of these gentry is named Payne, and was in town Sunday, and brought over plunder to the amount of $200. He went back yesterday, and promised one of his negro wives to bring her any quantity of "traps" when he comes again. We hope that some of those who know this fellow by sight may keep an eye on him.

THE VERY LATEST.

The steamer Des Arc from White river, arrived last night about half past ten o'clock. She brought Clayton, his staff, and an army of detectives around, and they are now in the city. We are informed by passengers that at Helena the Sheriff of Woodson and Drew counties came on board and arrested a man named Bray, put him in irons and hurried him on shore. In reply to all inquiries the same answer was given—"it was by order of the Governor."

Besides the Governor, there were on the boat Judge Bennett, Lewis, Commissioner of Immigration, Asa Hodge, Representative of Crittenden county, and Newell, Representative of Desha county.

The whole party remained on board the boat last night, and will take the first ferryboat up to Marion this morning—it is said for the purpose of investigating the affairs in that unhappy region.

LADIES' underwear at greatly reduced prices at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS.—*Lorle*, a tragedy written expressly for Miss Maggie Mitchell, was produced to a full house last night, for the first time in Memphis. The cast of the principal characters were, "Lorle," Miss Mitchell; "Rheinhardt," (an artist,) Mr. Collier; "Lindenhost," Mr. Lanagan; "Countess Ida," Mrs. Lanagan; "Cristoph," McWade; and "Prince," Malmourg. Seldom has a new play been so well received by a public which has acquired the name of being almost hypercritical, as *Lorle* was by the audience assembled at the New Memphis last night. As it is to be repeated this evening we will give an outline of the story. "Lorle" is a village maiden, the daughter of "Lindenhost," the landlord of the Linden. "Rheinhardt" is an artist who falls in love with her and marries her—not, however, until he had been refused by the Countess "Ida," with whom he was enamored. After a long interval, and many scenes, the "old, old story," is repeated, "*Son revient toujours a son premier amour*"—he sees the object of his first love, and the flame only smothered, not dead, breaks forth with redoubled fury. He neglects and abuses his wife, and finally forsakes and abandons her, and she dies of a broken heart. This is the plain story. It is worked up by J. H. Roswald, the playwright, into a most entrancing drama, in five five acts. Of the acting, we have scarcely words to express our appreciation and admiration. Miss Mitchell's representation of "Lorle" was incomparably the most natural and affecting acting that we have ever seen. Mr. Collier, as "Reinhardt," carried the house with him completely, while Mrs. Lanagan was the proud and bewitching "Countess, Ida," to the life. Mrs. Nelly Taylor, Mr. Lanagan, the landlord, McWade, Malmburg, all were well up in their parts, and entered heart and soul in the play. Our little favorite, Miss Cline, sang a beautiful ballad behind the scenes as "Lorle" was dying, in a manner that brought tears to the eyes of every one who heard it. "Lorle" will be repeated to-night with the same cast.

THE BURNS BALL.—A large and happy throng crowded the beautiful new Cochran Hall last night, and danced the hours away until the "we sma' hours aboos the twal" this morning—with only an interruption to attend to the wants of the inner man. The ball was given under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society, and the very highest meed of praise is due to Messrs. John Ainslie, J. R. Selkirk and Dr. A. Sterling, who were the committee of arrangements. The supper was gotten up by friend Loeb, and was splendid in every respect, as his suppers always are.

MRS. YELVERTON'S readings last night were attended by a select and highly appreciative audience, who for an hour or a half were held spell-bound by her artistic and beautiful rendition of the articles. We hope she may be induced to repeat them at an early day under happier auspices.

ATTEND the great reduction sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

AN IMPORTANT DAY.—Yesterday, the 25th of January, is an anniversary that has played an important part in the world's history. In addition to being St. Paul's day, of which we have already spoken, it was the day on which the worthless King Edward II. was deposed, (1327); the marriage of Margaret of England with James IV. of Scotland, the first step toward the uniting of these two hitherto separate kingdoms; the day on which the authorized version of the Bible was ordered (1604) and the day on which Robert Burns was born.

IMPORTANT NATIONAL WORK.—We have received from E. H. Partee, Esq., a copy of a pamphlet on the subject of the proposed "Levee and Railroad Combined on the Mississippi River," entitled the Memphis, Helena and St. Louis Levee Railroad. It is accompanied by a neat and well gotten up map illustrative of the project. We shall take occasion to speak more at length of it at some future time.

THE FREE TRADER is the title of a paper published in New York, with the motto and principle, "freedom of trade is freedom of industry." It is a very handsomley printed sheet, and contains a vast amount of commercial information.

BOAT CLUB.—At a meeting of the delegates of Memphis Boating Association last evening, Mr. Thomas H. Cocke, of the Memphis Boat Club, was elected President of the Association.

WHITE and gray blankets at greatly reduced prices at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

A GOOD TRIP.—The Des Arc came in last night, from White river, with the best trip of the season. She had 900 bales of cotton, 100 deer, 530 packages of sundries, and 197 passengers.

SMASH UP.—About five o'clock yesterday evening, a span of white horses attached to a buggy ran away on Second street and fetched up against a lamp post on the corner of Poplar. A gentleman in the buggy was thrown out but not injured much. The buggy and lamp post suffered severely.

THE DAILY APPEAL *is delivered by faithful carriers, Seven times a week for twenty-five cents.*

PEACE WANTED!

A Ku-Klux Visitation on Big Creek.

A Card from the Negroes.

About ten days ago a party of men, numbering twelve or fifteen, disguised and masked, visited the place of Mr. J. C. Byrom, near the plantation of Chamberlain Jones, Esq., near Roaring Falls on Big creek, went to the houses of the negroes and disarmed them. The negroes were not threatened or injured in the slightest, and after giving them some good advice, the Ku-Klux departed.

Radical sources have tried to convert the affair into a "gross outrage on colored citizens," and we have been at some pains to find out the truth of the affair. The following card, written by by one of the negroes and signed by him and three others, attested to by three well-known citizens of Lig Creek, explains the truth in regard to the visit:

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the so-called Ku-Klux Klan have been to our houses, and have taken our guns and pistols from us; but did not hurt us or our persons, and so far as they did not hurt us, we are satisfied they will let us alone hereafter. As to us knowing any of them, we do not, and cannot place any of them. All of us want peace.

HENRY HERRING.
His
Attest: WM. + AYDLOTT.
J. C. BYROM, mark
W. N. RAST, Sen., Her
W. N. RAST, Jr. PRISSY + HERRING.
mark
Her
MARY + AYDLOTT.
mark

The citizens of Big Creek all deprecate such acts as the above, and say they will try to prevent a recurrence; and while we also are opposed in toto to any such mode of procedure in any case, we will always try to give *the truth* when we can learn it.

FOREWARNED—FOREARMED

Bloodhounds on the Track.

We learn, on good authority, that Clayton has made a requisition on Gov Brownlow for the arrest of several of the young men who have fled hither from the murdering, thieving horde that he calls his loyal militia; that Brownlow has approved of the requisition; that they are to be forthwith arrested and turned over to the tender mercies o' these bloodhounds, to be murdered as Harney, McAllister and Ticer were. We are informed also that it is the intention to apply for the arrest of several others not mentioned in the first requisition. There is one State, thank God, that we would like to see this hyena dig out his victims from—or him or his murderers put their feet on the soil of—Kentucky, and we advise these poor, persecuted people, if they can do so, to turn their steps thither.

ALL kinds of dress goods marked down at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

PERSONAL.

Capt. M. J. O'Brien, of the Southern Express, arrived in the city yesterday.

Gen. Titus, of the Treasury Department, arrived in town yesterday. He is stopping at the Peabody Hotel.

W. W. Gates, Esq., editor of the Jackson, West Tennessee, *Whig*, and his lovely daughter, are in the city, stopping at the Peabody Hotel.

Our friend, John Donovan, Esq., arrived home on Saturday from a protracted trip North and East. He looks in splendid health and spirits.

Col. Jacob Frolich, of the White county *Record*, arrived on the Des Arc last evening from what he considers the garden spot of Arkansas. He will transplant a flower, it is said, at an early day.

Col. Walker, of White county, is also in our city.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—This Court commenced yesterday morning, and took up the calendar of cases specially set for Tuesday last, but very few of the same were tried. Three judgments and as many interlocutory orders were entered. Most of the cases will be continued over until to-day. The calendar below will be called this morning:

1523 Pickerell vs Carroll.
1601 King vs Hardey.
1605 Joyner vs Hirsh.
1614 Reid vs Gainer et al.
1624 McKeon vs German Casino.
1625 Broocher vs Waddel.
1626 Froth vs Crone & Paute.
1632 Andrews vs Stewart.
1633 Terry vs Rutland et al.
1634 Mosby vs same.
1635 Jones vs same.
1636 Hunter vs same.
1637 Tate vs same.
1643 Rice, Stix & Co vs Fies & Co.
1644 Jones vs Wormsley, Joy & Co.
1645 Jones vs same.
1646 Hengold vs Zweifel et al.
1650 Rock vs Cockrell.
1651 Carr & Lake vs Kendig.
1652 McGavock vs Larkin.
1653 Selby vs Levy.
1657 Fitz Morris vs Welch.
1665 Cohen & Co vs Cheek.
1667 Stansberger et al vs Rocco.
1663 Malatesta vs Elliott & Co.
1670 Farrington & Howell vs Cross.
1671 Jackson vs Cross.
1672 Fellman vs Mannhiemer.

No. 1993 commenced yesterday, and will be concluded early this morning, after which the above calendar will be called. Court will convene promptly at ten o'clock.

CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—This Court met yesterday morning pursuant to adjournment. The Grand Jury was empanneled and charged by the Court as to the faithful discharge of its duties under the law. The Petit Juries were also enrolled. No other business was transacted. The following cases will be called for trial today:

2 Thisbald, Griffin & Co vs L V Norville.
4 J B Sharp & Co vs O Coleman & Co.
5 E Johnson, use, vs B D Nabors et al.
6 Wm English vs Jno McSheehy.
7 R J Chester vs W B Battle.
8 Fletcher & Keck vs A H Douglass.
9 Jno Johnson vs R L Smith.
10 Wm Brown vs W C Neely.
11 M A McKibbon vs J J Fox.
12 R J Chester vs Wm Battle.
13 Jas Stillwell vs F M Coleman.
14 R B Shore vs G W Blackwell.
15 J J Smith & Co. use, vs W Wood et al.
16 L Becker vs J Kennett.
17 B Springfield, adm'r, vs Wm Armour.
18 W Wilcoxen vs A Connell.
19 E W Brooks et al vs Miller Price.
20 D Kelley vs M Garlo.
21 J Massey vs Jas Wilson et al.
22 W R Slate vs W D Gaither et al.
24 J C Nelson vs M & O R R.
24 S Smith vs J McGrath.
25 E H Scaggs vs W Y C Humes, admr.
26 Thomas & Davidson vs J Thurman.
27 C A Stillmar, admr, vs G B Dean.
28 W L Stewart & Bro vs J S & C G Mitchell.
29 M H Chambers vs J Beloate et al.
30 W R Slate vs W D Gaither.
31 E L McGowan vs Thos Moore.
32 J H Thomas, admr vs Thos H Newell.
33 Bettie Sanderlin vs D M Sanderlin.
34 P Buckley vs M & O R R.
35 Cook & Co vs Chas May et al.
36 J W Leftwich vs T W Hines.
37 R B Payne et al vs S A Payne.
38 W N Aiken & Co vs H P Treat.
39 W Moore vs R. M. Johnson.
40 W A Cothran vs J B Smith.

CHANCERY COURT.—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The following cases will be heard to-day on motions, pleas, et.:
Freeman vs Freeman.
Webb vs Estate of Kendrin.
Butler vs Johnson.
Briggs vs Jefferson.
Fearn vs Doyle.
State, etc. vs Overton Hotel Company.
Oliver vs McLean.
Lawrence vs Singleton.
Meath vs Meath.
Jones vs Black.
Jones vs Allen.

The Clerk and Master will take an account to-day in the case of Allen et al. vs S. Hanks, et al.

CHIFFONIERS.

Junk Houses—The Rag Business

Up to within a few months ago the waste rags and paper thrown into our streets, were carted off with other trash, and put to no use. Suddenly, however, some utilitarian put it into the heads of a few darkies that refuse might be made use of, and soon numbers of them were seen with their "hooks and bags, gadding rags." Now there are more than sixteen depo's and places in the city where rags and paper of all sorts are received and sold. For cotton rags 3 cents per pound are paid; for mixed cotton and linen, 2½ cents, and for linen 2c. Woolen rags only command 1 cent. Old paper, if it is white, (printed or blank) commands 1¼ cents per pound; other sorts 1 to 1½ cents per pound. It is estimated that there are three hundred and fifty persons of all ages and sexes engaged in the trade. Most of the rags and papers are sent to Cincinnati, but they are also sent to the Chickasahogua paper mills, near Mobile; the Augusta mills (Ga.), and to Louisville. One or two of the depots are solely for the reception of rags and paper, but most of them are "junk shops," or in other words, "fence houses," or, to speak still plainer, houses for the reception of all sorts of plunder from a pound of rags to a diamond ring. Nothing comes amiss to some of these dealers—from a stove to a pocket handkerchief with forty holes in it; nor is a question ever asked as to where the goods come from. They may be stolen, bought, found, borrowed or what not, the junk man asks no questions, but puts them in his scale, weighs them and pays for them. The consequence is that such places are the haunts of thieves and the depositories of nine-tenths of the stolen property of the city. They are the first places that a detective goes to when he has a piece of stolen property to hunt for, and in the absence of "my uncle" with the three balls, the forlorn hope of the fast youth with a watch or pin to shove up the spout, for the widow to "soak" her wedding ring, the broken Iowa gentleman to bring his trinkets, and, in fact *the* place to get a *quid pro quo* at two per cent. per diem. They are a nuisance in any community, and yet no community is free from them; they are an evil, and yet an avenue of trade—consequently a benefit. In fact they are a problem,—a nut for the domestic economist to crack, and to him we leave the job. They are certainly a fixed fact in our community, and must be legislated for accordingly.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

A New Plan for the Reclamation of the Bottom Lands.

HELENA, January 8, 1869.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In reply to my previous communication you remarked that you would give the plan of an engineer, proposing to reclaim our swamps by *waste weirs*. After several weeks you published a communication from Gen. Roberts on the subject, and which I now propose to answer to the best of my ability. But to be candid, I think the proposition so absurd that I scarcely know how to answer it.

The General is like many other engineers who have written about the Mississippi river. He shows that he does not know many things necessary to be known in order to be able to give a remedy for the evil which we know afflicts us. The first point to which I would call his attention is, that he expects the sediments from the river to fill up the swamps and lakes all over the country. I would suggest to him that the heavy deposit of the water is seldom carried four hundred yards from the bank, and generally not more than one hundred, and he will seldom see any signs of deposit half a mile from the river. There is but little signs of deposit half a mile from the river bank with all the water passing off without a levee; how much deposit could he expect with but a small amount of water passing over his waste-weirs? The second mistake is in supposing that a greatly increased amount of sediment is carried into the Gulf on account of the levees now on the river. I wish I could think such was the effects of the levees. On the contrary, the rise in the river shows that the *deposit is made in the bed of the river*, as the experience of every one who has noticed the rise and fall of the water is, that it rises higher now than it did ten or fifteen years ago, and that lands far back from the river, which had not been overflowed previously have been badly overflowed since the levees were commenced. Also that an ordinary rise comes above the old high water mark. That the deposit is made in the bed of the river is proved from the fact that the low water mark is several feet above where it was fifteen years ago. An engineer reported to me that the rise and fall here at Helena in 1850, was about forty-seven feet, since which time the high water mark has risen near four feet, making fifty-one feet from the low water of 1850 to the high water of 1862. The greatest difference I have seen was in 1860, when it was about forty-three feet, a difference of eight feet, and the water has not been that low since.

The third mistake is the one which has engaged the attention of many engineers before Gen. R., and that is, what becomes of the water which passes Cairo? Gen. R. speaks of "evaporation," "drinking up by the soil," and "filtering through the soil." An engineer goes to Cairo, measures the capacity of the river, and calculates how much water passes there in a given time at high water, then goes to New Orleans and makes the same calculation, and comes to the conclusion that not one-half the water passing Cairo *ever* passes New Orleans, and wastes much time accounting for the difference and what becomes of the water that passes Cairo. He ignores the vast reservoirs on each side of the river, which takes the surplus water off, and feeds it back after the river commences falling at Cairo. My illustration is to compare the river at Cairo to the pouring of a bucket of water into a barrel, to run out through a small hole at the bottom. All the water must run out that is poured in, but the water is poured in instantly, but takes several minutes to run out. I assert that more water passes New Orleans from the first of December to the first of August than passes Cairo, and is discharged into the main channel by its various tributaries. In this I mean the water belonging to its tributaries proper. The St. Francis, Yazoo, and part of the waters of White and Red rivers have already been in the main channel, and are returned as from reservoirs. A little reflection will satisfy any one that the rains during our overflows exceed the evaporation. As to what passes through the soil to the Gulf, it would not make the one-thousandth part of an inch.

The third and most important mistake Gen. R. makes is when he says "the water in the beginning commenced to waste by trickling over the plank rivetments, at the first apron of the river." I should like to have Gen. R. come from Cairo to Memphis when the water is fifteen or twenty feet below high water mark at Cairo, and see his astonishment to find the water within five feet of high water mark at Memphis, and see where he would think the "trickling" would commence. I think he would conclude that the water would "trickle" several feet deep over his mark even at Memphis before it reached the one near Cairo. Then let him leave Memphis and come down to Helena and find the water some fifteen feet below high water, and as he passes on down the river he would find the water some three feet higher at Laconia than at Helena, and so through the whole river find that the river has greater capacity at the mouth of each river emptying into it than at any point either above or below. Gen. R. would find great opposition to his plan from the old planters on the river, as none of them would be willing to have a waste-weir within five miles above, or one below them. In fact, Mr. Editor, Gen. R.'s plan is the old outlet theory in its most objectionable and costly form. Supposing it practicable, how much land does he suppose he would reclaim? If we must have "waste-weirs," why not use those we already have? There are many bayous along the river that might be left open and would cost nothing for "plank or rivets." Take the Yazoo Pass, for instance, how many waste-weirs would it take to carry off the same amount of water, and what would they cost?

I have written this to endeavor to call the attention of Gen. R. (should he ever read it) to the fact in regard to the rise of the river at different points, and if I succeed in calling the attention of those having the power and money to examine the river and find out whether I state facts, or otherwise, I shall have accomplished my main object.

At the risk of repeating what I said in my previous communication, I will state that the engineers report at Cairo, at one that the difference between high and low water is about forty-two feet; at Memphis, as I am informed, the difference is only twenty-eight feet, and at Helena I have measured over forty-three feet. I contend that in order to bring all the water passing Cairo past Memphis, east of Hopefield, it would be necessary to give the river the same capacity that it has at Cairo. This theory, if so, would show the folly of attempting to confine the water to the channel with any levee that it is proposed to build to protect the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, on what is called the "Porter road." It would cost those interested in your railroad projects but little to test the facts as I set them forth. I suppose what I say will be hooted at by great engineers, but they, as well as the "rest of mankind," will find by experience that I am right.

But, sirs, I do not wish to have you think that I propose to abandon our country to frogs and musquitoes, not at all. When the facts become apparent, as I have set them forth above, then will the authorities be in a condition to adopt "my plan," which is to straighten the river at all practicable points, and open some important outlets below Red river. When this is done we will have a high, dry country. JAS. B. MILES.

ANOTHER WANT.—A cutler would find abundant employment in Memphis. No one likes to carry a mutilated knife, and nine men out of ten will throw or give away a knife of which a blade is broken. A cutler, or at least a smith who can replace a broken blade, would have his hands full of business.

ATTEND the great reduction sale at B. Lowenstein & Bros. †

Coughs and Colds are often overlooked. A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or some chronic Throat disease. "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy, giving almost invariably sure and immediate relief.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Re-engagement of the Great Artista, Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL and J. W. COLLIER.
Tuesday Evening, January 26.—Will be produced, with all the effects, LORLE—Lorie (Belle of the Canton), Maggie Mitchell; Reinhard (The Artist), J. W. Collier.
SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.
Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

GAYETIES THEATER,

No. 87 Jefferson Street.

J. H. ETLY.....LESSEE AND MANAGER
OSCAR WILLIS.....STAGE MANAGER

THE leading Variety Theater of the South. Open for the Season, with the best standing Variety Combination that has ever appeared in the city—the performance consisting of songs, Dances, Burlesques, Pantomimes, etc. New Stars each week. ADMISSION—Fifty Cents; Private Boxes, Five Dollars. Doors open at o'clock; performance to commence at quarter to 8 o'clock. ja1

UNDERTAKERS.

NEW FIRM.

JAS. FLAHERTY & CO.,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKERS,

317 Second Street.

MEMPHIS, - - TENNESSEE.
ja6

E. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,
Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants. sep26

HOTELS.

CAPT. JOHN T. SHIRLEY, Late of Memphis, Tenn. J. M. S. MCCORKLE Louisville, Ky.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Cor. Fourth and Main Sts.,

LOUISVILLE, - - KENTUCKY

HAVING recently purchased the furniture and lease of the NATIONAL HOTEL—so long and favorably known—we would respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the traveling public.

The Hotel is located in the center of the city convenient to all business houses, steamboat landing, postoffice and places of amusements. Street cars leave the door every ten minutes for all parts of the city.
nov28 tf SHIRLEY & MCCORKLE.

WALTERS' NATIONAL HOTEL

NORFOLK, VA.

J. M. WALTERS, PROPRIETOR. A STRICT first-class house. sep18 6m

St. Louis Hotel,

NEW ORLEANS.

THIS highly popular Hotel will again be opened to the traveling public

On the 1st of December.

The undersigned will exert his best endeavors to give its patrons the high satisfaction which has always sustained it. Families and others proposing to visit New Orleans can secure accommodations in advance by addressing
W. A. HURD, Manager.
Or O. E. HALL, St. Charles Hotel, New Orleans. oc25 2m

EDUCATIONAL.

HARVARD LAW SCHOOL,

CAMBRIDGE, MASS. TWO TERMS, BEGINNING FEBRUARY 22, and SEPTEMBER 15, 1869. The Resident Professors are Theophilus Parsons, LL.D., Emory Washburn, LL.D, and Nathaniel Holmes, A.M. Gentlemen of distinction in the Profession lecture from time to time on special topics. Application may be made for circulars or further information to either of the Resident Professors. ja22

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH,

SEWANEE MOUNTAIN, TENN.

THE next Term of the Junior Department will open at University Place, Tenn.,
On the 10th Day of February, 1869.
Boys received at any age and prepared for College. Location perfectly healthy—2000 feet above the sea. $100 covers expense, board and tuition, for three months. For circulars and information address G. R. Fairbanks, Esq., General Treasurer, University Place, Tenn.
C. T. QUINTARD, D.D., LL.D.,
ja5 eod* Vice Chancellor.

SPRING SESSION.

W. E. Ward's Seminary, Nashville, Tenn.,
WILL open on MONDAY, FEBRUARY 1st, 1869. This school is now the leading Seminary of the South. It has the regular course of the best institutions in the United States.
ja20 W. E. WARD, Principal.

Washington College, Virginia.

THE SECOND TERM OF THE CURRENT Session of Washington College, General ROBERT E. LEE, President,
Begins on the 1st of February,
And continues to the end of June. Students entering for this term pay half the usual fees.
The organization of the College is complete, in all the usual departments of academic and scientific education, with a full course of Professors and assistants. In addition to the ordinary scientific studies, a full course is taught in CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERING, and diplomas are conferred in this school. The ENGLISH LANGUAGE also, is made a distinct and thorough branch of study. The SCHOOL OF LAW is in charge of Judge John W. Brockenbrough, LL.D. The entire expenses for the term need not exceed $170. For Catalogues address E. C. GORDON, Clerk of Faculty,
ja19 Lexington, Virginia.

BRINKLEY FEMALE COLLEGE,

Memphis, Tenn.

THIS Institution will open MONDAY, 4th January, 1869. It is located at the southern terminus of DeSoto street, convenient to the street cars. The College grounds contain six acres, with buildings finely adapted to College purposes.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 5 MONTHS.
(In Advance.)

For all Branches of Education taught in Female College, including a full course of English, Ancient and Modern Languages	$ 30 00
For Harp, Guitar or Piano, Vocal and Instrumental	30 00
For Board in College, including furnished room, fuel, towels, lights and washing	100 00
Day Scholars can pay by the month, in advance. No INCIDENTAL FEES.	

J. D. MEREDITH, President,
ja3 daw Memphis, Tenn.

UNION FEMALE COLLEGE,

Oxford, Mississippi.

Chartered by the State in 1854, and authorized to confer the Highest Educational Honors on Young Ladies.

MERITS—AIM—CARE.—Parents and Guardians are especially invited to consider the merits of this institution. To educate—in the true sense of the word—to educate thoroughly the young ladies of the South, is its aim. The departments of Mathematics, Physical and Moral Science, Literature, Ancient and Modern Languages, Music, Drawing, etc., are ably filled by accomplished teachers, male and female.

Special care—it may be said, uncommon care is taken not only to thoroughly educate in the Arts and Sciences, but to render the pupils contented and happy, to train their moral sentiments, to cultivate correct tastes, to preserve their health, and to throw around them proper restraints. In short, to afford to patrons one of the very best regulated institutions in the land.

APPARATUS.—Arrangements have been made to supply the College with suitable Apparatus sufficient to illustrate the Sciences, and to give a practical knowledge of them. In addition, three cases in Chemistry, Astronomy and Natural Philosophy, through the courtesy of the officers of the State University, will have access to the large and well appointed Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus, excelled by none in the South, and to be favored with lectures and experiments illustrating by Drs. Garland and Hilgard, the learned Professors in these Departments.

BUILDING—LOCATION.—The building, estimated to be worth $20,000, is commodious, comfortable and retired.

REFERENCES.—All patrons and pupils of the College.

BOARDING DEPARTMENT.—In charge of Rev. W. W. McMahon, is kept in a style seldom, if ever, equaled. All the teachers board in the College.

UNIFORMITY OF DRESS—ECONOMY.—Purple Cashs, Brown Merino, Pink Demaine, Pink Lawn and White Dresses, Plain Hat, trimmed only with a band of black velvet. Those wishing to wear mourning are required to conform in plainness of dress, but not in color. As economy is the object of this arrangement, new pupils need not lay aside clothing already on hand, if as plain as the uniform, but when additional purchases are necessary, the uniform must be regarded.

EXPENSES.—Per session of 20 weeks, half in advance:

Preparatory Classes	$ 11 50
College Classes, proper	25 00
Ancient and Modern Languages, each	12 50
Music, each Instrument	25 00
Use of Instruments	5 00
Ornamental branches, usual rates	
Board, Lodging, Washing, Fuel, Lights and Attendance	100 00

Pupils charged at the above rates from the date of entrance until end of session in June, except in cases of protracted sickness.
S. G. HILL, Secretary.
C. H. BELL, Pres't of Trustees.
ja16—w College.

FOR SALE.

LAND AND LOTS FOR SALE.

87 ACRES, opposite Bray's Station, adjoining south side of Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 18 miles east of Memphis.

128 ACRES, known as the Giles Farm, on east bank of the Mississippi river, opposite lower end of Island No. 40, and 10 miles north of Memphis—30 acres under cultivation, and about 40 acres deadened.

LOT on east side of Bayou Gayoso, 221 feet on Court street, with small Frame House. Clear of lease.

LOT on east side of Bayou, fronting 100 feet on Madison street, on which is a Board Yard. Subject to lease.

LOT, with Cotton Shed, (formerly Bernes' Cotton Shed, now used for a Wagon Yard) fronting 162 feet on Madison street and 121 feet on Court street, a few rods west of Charleston avenue. Clear of lease.

LOT on east side of Bayou, fronting 225 feet on north side of Court street, on which stands Carroll, Walker & Co.'s Cotton Shed. Subject to lease.

LOT, fronting 50 feet on Charleston avenue, on which stands the Grocery of Thos. O'Malloney, and extending 200 feet to Court street.

For terms inquire of
THOS. WICKERSHAM,
No. 9, Second Floor,
ja4 Postoffice Building.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE IN CHICAGO OR VICINITY.—230 by 318 feet, with a fine residence and a cottage on Brinkley avenue. Also, two Brick Residences on Poplar street. For terms and particulars apply to or address KINZIE BROS., Real Estate Agents, No. 104 Madison street, Room No 2, Chicago, Ill. ja23

FOR SALE.

5000 bush. Black Seed Oats.
300 bbls. Rosindale and Louisville Cement.
100 " Plaster.
100 " Cape and Utica Lime.
10,000 Fire Brick and Tile.
100 bbls. Early Goodrich and Pinkeye Potatoes.

JOINER & KIRKLEY,
ja6 No. 34 Monroe st.

Valuable Cotton Plantation For Sale.

WE offer for sale one of the most valuable Cotton Plantations in Bolivar county, Mississippi

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, January 25, 1869.

FINANCE.

The Exchange market during the week has not been active. The supply has, however, exceeded the demand and rates have been steady. Cotton buyers have not purchased heavily as usual and except upon an occasional order they have not had to resort to our banks, all of which are easy in the way of currency and take mercantile paper at 7@9 per cent. on short time. We quote Exchange as follows, with occasional exceptions in the selling rates on New York at $2 per $1000 discount, and

	Buying.	Selling.
New England	¾ dis.	par@¼ dis.
New York	¾ dis.	" "
St. Louis	"	"
Louisville	"	"
Cincinnati	"	"
New Orleans	¾ dis.	¾ prem

City Bonds, which were in active demand early in the week, declined on Friday and Saturday but are again looking up to-day. Inquiries from Eastern capitalists, and a disposition manifested by them to invest, has created a feeling of firmness upon the part of holders. There are dealers who have orders and we think that 52@53c could be obtained for large amounts, with no sellers.

City Scrip has an upward tendency. Taxpayers are beginning to wake up, knowing that at the February term of Court all delinquent property will be ordered sold and will incur, besides the additional fees, etc., a penalty of 25 per cent. We are glad to learn that no favors will be shown in this matter—that the due taxes *must* be paid. We note a sale of $2000 in Ledger Balances at 70c to a dealer, none of whom will sell under 75@80c as to amount.

County Warrants are steady at 70c buying; selling at 75@76c.

We have no change to report in Police Scrip. It is scarce and firm at 95c buying; selling at 97c.

Governments opened steady in New York to-day with a fair demand. At noon they were irregular and unsettled. At the close they were more active, and a little firmer, as follows:

Gold	139¾
Bonds of 1881	112¾
5-20 Bonds of 1862	113¾
" " " 1864	109¾
" " " 1865	110¾
" " " 1865, new	108¾
" " " 1867, "	109¾
" " " 1868, "	109
10 40 "	108
Pacific Sixes,	101

The Gold market opened at 136¼ and closed at 136¼, carrying at 6 per cent. Exchange closed steady at 109½ for 60 day bills.

Tennessee Bonds are quoted as follows: Old issue 67½@68c; selling at 68c. New issue 67½@68½; selling at 68c.

We quote Gold in this market 135@135½c buying; selling at 136@136½.

COTTON.

The Cotton markets everywhere have been, on the whole, dull during the week. Liverpool opened with Uplands 11¼d on Tuesday last, advanced to 11¼d on Thursday, went up another ⅛ on Friday, was quiet and unchanged on Saturday, opened flat to-day with Uplands 11⅛@11¼d, Orleans 11¼@11¾d, Uplands afloat 11¼d, and closed dull with quotations unchanged.

The New York market has been irregular. It opened dull on Tuesday at 28½c for Middlings and holders anxious to realize; was firmer on the following day; on Thursday Middlings were higher and steady at 29½c; on the following day the tendency was downward, and on Saturday it was lower and dull—Uplands 28¾c. At the opening to-day it was inactive and prices drooping. At noon it was dull and lower—Low Middlings 27¾c; Uplands 28½c; Mobile 28¼c; Orleans 29c; Good Middlings 29¼c. At 2:10 p.m. it was weak—Low Middlings 27¾@27½c; Uplands 28¼@28½c. At 4 p.m. it was irregular with quotations the same.

The New Orleans market has been only moderately active during the week. At 11:30 a.m. to-day prices were drooping—Middlings 27¼@27½c. At 2:15 p.m. it was dull and nominal with Middlings 27¼c.

This market has been generally dull, and prices have not responded to those of New York or Liverpool, or rather our figures have been too high, and have only settled down to what they should have been when the other markets were quoted at higher rates. Prices at the opening of the week were irregular with Middlings 27¼@28c. There was some better inquiry on Wednesday, and prices were about ⅛c better. There was no change on Thursday, save that holders were firmer, which was also the case on the following day; but on Saturday it gave way ⅛c, and to-day was lower. There was some inquiry, or rather buyers were looking at tables in order to see how the land lay, but no disposition to buy was manifested, save by one or two operators. Holders were not unwilling to sell, but they could not get their prices. We quote nominally as follows:

Ordinary	25 @ —
Good Ordinary	25½@26
Low Middlings	26¾@27
Middlings	27¾@ —
Strict Middlings	28 @28¾
Good Middlings	29 @ —

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, January 25, 1869.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	2,750	
Received previously	156,390	159,140
		159,187
Exported to-day	2,125	
Exported previously	140,601	142,726
Stock on hand at 12 m		16,461

Increase for past two days 625 bales. Of the receipts since Saturday evening 673 bales were by the Memphis and Charleston, 210 per Mississippi and Tennessee, 352 per Memphis and Ohio, 40 per Memphis and Little Rock, 100 per wagon, and 1375 per steamers.

The heaviest sale of the week was made by our enterprising friends Gage & Fisher, who sold a table of 400 bales upon a basis of 28¼c for Middlings. These gentlemen are young, full of energy, and ever alive to the best interests of their friends in the interior, and we are rejoiced to note the above evidence of their prosperity.

TRADE.

While we have no activity to report in any of the various branches of trade for the week just closed we have what is equally as good, if not better news, in the general feeling of ease which prevails, and the conviction that if let alone and not harrassed and robbed by the militia the Spring business will be better than at any time since the war. The planter, so far as we can learn, is more independent than the most sanguine could hope for a short year ago. At this time last season our market was filled with mules and horses which had to be sold from the plantation to meet the pressing wants of every day life. To-day stock is sought after, and nearly every body from the interior seems anxious to purchase. Indications point to a large crop this coming year. Let us hope that it will be a diversified one—that corn, wheat, oats, potatoes, will be raised in abundance, and that cotton will be, as it was last year, of but secondary consideration. Let the planter not fool himself into the belief that a neighbor will raise plenty of corn, but let one and all determine to raise all they can use upon their respective place, and for a small margin we will guarantee them next season more money in the aggregate for their cotton, should the crop not exceed 2,500,000 bales, than they can get for it should it reach 4,000,000 bales.

The Dry Goods market is only moderately active, but is very firm and tending upwards. While prices in the East have advanced 20 per cent. since the 1st inst., 10 per cent will cover the advance asked in this market. We would remind our readers that last season with the raw material at 14@16½ per pound staple cotton goods run 2@3c per yard higher than they are to-day, with cotton at 28@29¾ per pound. Stocks in Memphis are large, and holders consider themselves fortunate that it is so. Buyers could not go into the Eastern markets to-day and duplicate stocks at anything like the figures at which they are now selling here. Manufacturers, says the *Commercial Bulletin*, are anticipating better prices as the season advances, and are in no hurry to effect sales. There are more buyers in the market than is usual at this early stage of the season. All sections are represented, but the largest buyers are from the South. A decidedly improved tone has been imparted to all branches of business, and our jobbers are much encouraged with the prospects before them of a profitable Spring business. The market is firm, with a tendency to advance on such goods as are at all scarce. Fine brown shirtings are in better demand. The Laconia, Lawrence and Pepperell R are a half cent higher. Prints are selling freely at the advanced prices. The Pacific have opened a line of light work which are jobbing at 14½ cents; dark and medium styles are still selling at 13½. Cottonades are active at an advance.

In Boots and Shoes there is a light filling up demand for medium work. Several dealers are now in the East making their Spring selections and prices will open out some higher than they are now.

Horses and Mules are in demand and prices range from $100@150 for good broken animals. Extra Mules are not sought after in this market.

The demand for implements of agriculture bids fair to be much better than last year, and dealers are filling out their stocks in view of this demand.

The demand for APPLES is only in a small way and prices range from 5 to $7 per barrel as to quality.

Mixed BEANS are in large supply and dull at 2 50 to $3 per bushel. White Navy are also dull at 3 50 to $4.

The supply of BUTTER of all grades is much larger than the demand and prices are irregular. Western and Tennessee is selling from 28 to 35c, but the latter is an outside figure. A large portion of what is on hand has cost over 40c and much of it is limited at 40 to 45c.

The BAGGING market is dull and nominal. Light weight Kentucky, 13¼ to 16c; heavy, 19 to 23c.

Holders of BULK MEATS are firmer to-day and have advanced their rates. Small orders can be filled as follows but large lots are held higher: Clear Sides 17½ to 17¾c; Clear Rib Sides 17 to 17½c; Rib Sides 16½ to 16¾c; Shoulders 13½ to 13¾c.

There is but a light demand for BACON. Clear Sides 19 to 19½c; Shoulders 14½c; Sugar Cured Shoulders 15½ to 16c.

There is a fair demand for BEESWAX at 30c.

There is but a light demand for CABBAGE at 8 to $10 per 100.

The stock of CHEESE is very fair, and demand good. Factory, 19 to 20c; English Dairy, 19 to 19½c; Western Reserve, 18½ to 19c; English Gloster, 20 to 21c.

The COFFEE market is steady, and stock large. We quote common to choice Rio, 19 to 25c in jobbing way. Java, 35 to 38c. From first hands in lots of 25 to 100 sacks, Ordinary, 17½ to 18c; Fair, 19 to 20c; Good, 21 to 22c; Prime, 22½ to 23½c; Choice, 23 to 23½c.

The demand for FEED is active and prices are generally firm. 130 sacks White CORN on levee 68c, 200 sacks Yellow 68½c, and other small lots aggregating 300 sacks at 70c; held at 75c in store. OATS are held at 70c in store with fair demand for Black Seed Oats. BRAN held at 225 from store. A small lot on levee was closed out at $22. HAY firm at $25 from flatboat.

We note no change in CORNMEAL. It is held at 3 60 to $3 75 in lots.

The supply of EGGS is large, and market dull at 22 to 25c.

The demand for DRIED FRUIT is active. Dried Apples, 7 to 9c; Peaches, 10 to 12c; Currants, 18 to 20c; layer Raisins per box, 4 50 to $4 75; half boxes, 2 90 to $3; quarter boxes, 1 75 to $2; Citron, 40 to 50c; almonds, 45 to 50c; Prunes, 20 to 25c.

The FLOUR market is quiet and stock large. Prices are unchanged. We quote Super, 7 to $7 50; X, 8 to $8 50; XX, 9 to $9 50; XXX and Fancy brands, 10 to $12.

The demand for HIDES is active and receipts moderate. Green, 8 to 9; Salt, 10 to 11c; Dry Salt, 19c; Dry Flint, 21c; Deer Skins, green, 15 to 16c; dry, 33 to 35c.

In HAMS there is little doing and stock small. New Sugar Cured, plain, 19 to 19½c in small way; Sugar Cured Shoulders, 15½ to 16c.

We learn of no change in the demand for IRON TIES. We quote nominally at 6 to 7c as to style.

The stock of LARD is light. Kegs are firm at 21½ to 22c; Tierces 20½ to 21c; Country in Crocks 21 to 21½c.

Cape and Alabama LIME held at 2 to $2 25 per barrel. Other brands, 1 75 to $2.

There is a further advance to note in MESS PORK though the demand is only in a small way. 31 50 to $32 are the prices to-day.

We note a fair demand for SUGARS and MOLASSES and prices remain firm. We quote common sugar, 11 to 11½c; fair, 12 to 13c; fully fair, 13½ to 14½c; yellow clarified, 15 to 16c; white clarified, 16½ to 17c. Common to choice Louisiana Molasses, in barrels, 60 to 85c; half barrels, 2 to 5c per gallon higher.

There are few choice ONIONS in market. Firm at $5 50 per barrel; 62 50 per bushel in sacks.

The POULTRY market is moderately supplied. Turkeys, 16 to $20; geese, 7 to $9; ducks, 4 50 to $5; chickens, 5 to to $5 50.

The POTATOE market is about the same. The demand for Pink Eyes does not come up to the anticipations of speculators who bought largely early in the week. Holders sell by the dray load to country customers at 4 25 to $4 50 per barrel, while large lots would be hard to find at less than $4 75. 100 barrels Peach Blows sold on levee at $2 50; held at 2 75 to $3 from store.

The stock of SALT is large and demand very good. Held at $3 in lots on levee; from store, 3 10 to $3 25; in sacks from store, 2 75 to $3.

The STOCK market is steady with good supply on hand. Extra fine beeves, 7½ to 8c; good, 6½ to 7c; No. 2, 4 to 5c; Texas and inferior, 2 to 3c. Sheep, choice, 5 to $6; inferior, 2 to $4. Hogs, 7½ to 8½c, with good stock; dressed hogs are in light supply at 12 to 12½c.

The TOBACCO market is firmer, and dealers are asking an advance on all manufactured goods.

There is a very good demand for common WHISKY, and prices are firm. Highwines, $1.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM DEVILLE, the world-renowned Clairvoyant, can be consulted on the past, present and future, at her rooms, 149 MAIN STREET, third door above Overton Hotel. Communications, with $1 and stamp, answered promptly. deis 1m

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad

TO MADISON AND LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

Going West—Leave Memphis Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 a.m.

Coming East—Leave Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7:30 a.m. Arrive at Memphis at 1 o'clock p.m.

S. B. BEAUMONT, General Superintendent.

oc2

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express, R. R. time	5:30 a.m.	3:00 p.m.
" City time	5:10 a.m.	
Night Express, R. R. time	7:00 p.m.	9:00 a.m.
" City time	7:50 p.m.	

Ticket offices No. 287½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.

SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
N. Orleans Express, daily, except Sunday	3:00 p.m.	3:05 p.m.
Accom'n, daily, except Sunday	9:30 a.m.	5:00 p.m.
Freight	4:15 p.m.	7:00 a.m.

These effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.

A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.

C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aug16

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

Yesterday was a clear, pleasant day. At dark it turned cool. We at last are able to chronicle the river at a stand. It has reached within 4 feet 4 inches of high water mark. The rise during the past week has been as follows: 20th, 7 inches; 21st, 9½ inches; 22d, 10½ inches; 23d, 8 inches; 24th, 5 inches; 25th, 1 inch. It has risen in all, since the last big rise set in, 20 feet. The Arkansas is falling, but has water in abundance to Fort Smith, or for that matter to the extreme head waters. White river is at a big stage. The latest news from points above will be found in our telegraphic column.

Arrivals.

Steamer Ben Campbell, Hale's Point.
" Mollie Able, New Orleans.
" Wausnita, " "
" Alaska, " "
" Argosy, Arkansas river.
" Natoma, Friar's Point.

Departures.

Steamer Mollie Able, St. Louis.
" Mollie Hambleton, Cairo.
" Alaska, Cincinnati.
" Wausnita, Pittsburg.

In Port.

G. W. Cheek, Ben Campbell, Natoma, Mayflower, Argosy, Sam J. Hale, St. Francis, Coosa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Ozark has her boilers in place and will be ready for business during the latter part of the week.

The Mollie Able came up yesterday, and departed for St. Louis last night She had among her freight 1082 bales of cotton from New Orleans to St. Louis, and thence via the Dismond Line to New York. The freight through was $1 per hundred, and the boat's freight was 90c. per bale. The cotton belonged to Toof, Phillips & Co; of this city.

The Mollie Hambleton got away with a fair passenger trip, to Cairo.

The Wausnita came in on her way to Pittsburg, with a fair passenger list, and added here one hundred and fifty bales of cotton.

The Leni Lsoti arrived from the Arkansas river, with a good list of passengers and 310 bales of cotton.

The fine steamer Natoma came in from Friar's Point, with a splendid passenger trip and 800 bales of cotton.

The elegant and swift steamer St. Francis arrived from the St. Francis river, with a large number of passengers and 700 bales of cotton.

The Argosy came in from the Arkansas river, with many passengers and 150 bales of cotton.

The Coosa did not get away last night, having failed to get all her cotton from the press. She will back out at noon to-day for Cairo and Evansville. P. H Terry is her competent chief clerk.

The elegant Lizzie Gill, Capt. O'Neil, will pass down this morning for Vicksburg and New Orleans. She is a superior passenger packet.

The United States mail packet Leni Leoti, Capt. John D. Adams, will back out to-day for Pine Bluff and Little Rock. She makes every way landing, and connects with the packets for Fort Smith. The Leoti is fast, well appointed, and offers splendid opportunities to shippers. Mr. Dillon is her chief clerk.

The fine steamer Mary E. Forsyth, Capt. Haney, will pass up to-day at 4 p. m. for Cairo and St. Louis. She is the regular packet. Billy Waite, a pleasant and competent gentleman, has charge of her desk, and is assisted by Mr. Briggs.

The gay City of Alton, Capt. J. B. Archer, with Jim White in the office, passes down to-day for Vicksburg and the bends. The Alton will make one of the best packets ever in that trade, and Capt. J. B. will make her a popular institution.

The Ben. Campbell, Capt. Weller, leaves at 4 p.m. for Osceola and the bends. She is a regular packet. Jim Hall is purser.

The Nick Longworth passes down for New Orleans to-day. That old Memphis favorite, Capt. Lew Kates is her master. Nuf ced.

The Norman, Capt. J. B. Hall, will get away to-day for Cairo and Evansville. She is a comfortable passenger packet, and makes all intermediate landings.

The Geo. W. Cheek, Capt. Geo. Malone, gets off this evening for Osceola from her landing foot of Adams street. Frank Gonterman is in the office.

The splendid Guidon, Capt. Clay Rice, is the regular Wednesday packet for Pine Bluff. Garrett Hule, purser.

To-morrow at five p. m. the Sam. Hale will leave us for Louisville and Cincinnati. Capt. Walker commands, and Mr. Miller is clerk. The Hale is an elegant passenger packet.

Capt. Jo. McCullogh arrived here yesterday from Louisville, and will back out the Mayflower to-day for Vicksburg and New Orleans. A pleasant ride may be anticipated by those who travel on her.

The Bismarck is due from below to-day. She has another 1000 bales bound from New Orleans to New York via the Diamond Line.

Capt. A. B. Shaw, of the steamer Arkansas, arrived yesterday on the Argosy with the remains of his wife, who died suddenly of pneumonia on the trip up from New Orleans to Little Rock. He left on the Mollie Able for St. Louis, Capt. Dan Able having, with his usual liberality, the boat to-day until the remains of Mrs. Shaw could be transferred from the Argosy.

The Natoma, Capt. Lee, will back out for Friar's Point to-day at her usual hour. Besides making all way landings the Natoma connects at Helena with the R. P. Converse for Moon Lake. Billy Fields, Sterling Whitehead and Jim Saulsbury are clerks.

The U. S. mail packet Des Arc was due last night with a splendid trip from White river, and will be found at the levee this morning. She is an elegant passenger packet, and backs out again to-day for Augusta and all way points on White river, connecting with the Little Rock train and with the Argos for Jacksonport. John Elliott is master. Joe Elliott, Matt Glass and Andy Granger are her clerks.

DRY GOODS.

J. W. DICKSON,

(Late of the house of Menken Bros.,)

—WITH—

HOWELL, WOOD & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.,

332 Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

☞ Our Wholesale Department is complete.

JOHN REED,

CARPENTER AND BUILDER, No. 62 Jefferson Street, entrance in alley. Special attention given to Stair Work. Houses and Verandahs framed ready for shipping. [nov21 1m

STEAMBOATS.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—United States Mail.

MARY E. FORSYTH.....Crane master
This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on
THURSDAY, 28th inst., at 4 p.m.
ja26 FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Regular Memphis and Arkansas River United States Mail Packet.

LENI LEOTI.....M. McKee master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave for the above on
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
T. A. PENDIG, Agent,
ja26 304 Front st., Mesby Block.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

COOSA.....Gus Brown master
This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 12 m.
R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
Ja26 326 Front street.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Weekly Packet—For Cairo and Evansville.

NORMAN.....J. B. Hall master
This splendid passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
Ja26 No. 7½ Madison street.

FOR OSCEOLA.

Regular Memphis and Osceola Packet—For Randolph, Osceola and all Way Landings.

BEN CAMPBELL.....Weller master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 4 p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board. Ja26

Regular Memphis and Osceola Packet—For Randolph, Osceola and all Way Landings.

GEO. W. CHEEK.....George Malone master
This fine light draft steamer will leave for the above on
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
VINSON & DONAHUE,
Ja25 294 Front street.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg U. S. Mail Packet—For Vicksburg.

CITY OF ALTON.....J. B. Archer master
This elegant and swift steamer will leave as above
TUESDAY, 26 h inst., at 5 p.m.
Freight received at 81 Lewis Wharfboat.
Ja25 FLEM. CALVERT, sup't.

FOR PINE BLUFF.

Regular Arkansas River Wednesday Packet—For Reiens, Friar's Point and Pine Bluff.

GUIDON.....Rice master
This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above
WEDNESDAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
Ja25 No. 290 Front street.

FOR FRIAR'S POINT.

Regular Memphis and Friar's Point Packet—For Helena and Friar's Point.

NATOMA.....James Lee master
This elegant passenger packet will leave
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
Ja25 Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

FOR CINCINNATI.

Memphis and Cincinnati Packet Company. For Cairo, Louisville and Cincinnati.

SAM. J. HALE.....Walker master
This elegant and fleet passenger steamer will leave
WEDNESDAY, 27th inst., at 5 p.m.
JAS. T. BOURNE & CO., Agents,
Ja24 No. 12 Jefferson street.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet.

DES ARC.....John D. Elliott master
This Mammoth freight steamer will leave as above on
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight only apply to
MART WALT & CO., Agents,
Ja25 No. 273 Front street.

Regular Memphis and White River Packet.

DES ARC.....John D. Elliott master
This fine passenger packet leaves for the above on
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
For freight or passage apply to
ELLIOTT & MILLER, Agents,
Ja24 Promenade street, foot Jefferson.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular Louisville and New Orleans Packet—For New Orleans.

NICK LONGWORTH.....Lew Kates Master
This excellent passenger steamer will leave as above
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 12 m.
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
Ja26 Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Regular New Orleans Packet.

LIZZIE GILL.....O'Neil master
This new and magnificent passenger steamer will leave
THIS DAY, 26th inst., at 10 a.m.
RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent,
Ja26 326 Front street.

For New Orleans, Vicksburg, Natchez and the Bends.

MAYFLOWER.....J. G. McCollough master
This elegant passenger steamer will leave
TUESDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.
LEVY & SHARPE, Agents,
Ja24 No. 290 Front street.

FOR GAYOSO LANDING.

For Randolph, Osceola, Hale's Point and Gayoso Landings.

The elegant passenger steamer MOLLIE HAMILTON, S. Hampton master, W. P. Paul clerk, will leave Memphis as above EVERY TUESDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 p.m. LARRY HARMSTAD, Ag't,
ja21 Star Wharfboat, foot Monroe st.

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Saturday St. Francis River Packet.

For Madison, Wittsburg and all Way Landings

LINTON.....Jim Snell, Master
LESLIE WARE, Clerk.

THIS steamer will leave as above every SATURDAY during the season; returning, leave Wittsburg every TUESDAY, at 2 o'clock p.m.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents,
Ja3 294 Front street.

Memphis and St. Francis River Tuesday Packet.

For Helena, Wittsburg and St. Francis River.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packet,

SAINT FRANCIS,

Capt. T. R. Bowman, - - Sam C. Palue, Clerk

WILL leave Memphis on her first trip TUESDAY, November 24th, for Helena and St. Francis river, and EVERY TUESDAY THEREAFTER.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
nov19 tf No. 7½ Madison street.

CINCINNATI.

ESTABLISHED 1837,

PROCTER & GAMBLE

CINCINNATI.

SOAP, CANDLES OILS

Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.

☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3ra

E. O. HURD. BURCKHARDT & CO.

E. O. HURD & CO.,

Cotton Commission Merchants

No. 101 Sycamore Street, Cincinnati.

LIBERAL advances made on consignments. Orders for Goods solicited. sept6 1y

JOHN DUBOIS, JAS. S. AUGUR, W. H. WILLIAM

DUBOIS & AUGUR,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES

47 Race Street, Cincinnati.

sep9 3m

STOVES, ETC.

STILL TRIUMPHANT!

G. F. Filley's "Old Reliable"

CHARTER OAK STOVE

MAINTAINS its reputation as the BEST STOVE IN THE MARKET. J. F. Schabel & Co., 227 Main street, are the ONLY AGENTS for Memphis. Always see Filley's name on each Stove. A good supply of Cooking and Heating Stoves, Grates, Castings, Copper, Tin, Sheet-Iron and Pressed Ware always on hand. ☞ Job Work promptly attended to.

J. F. SCHABEL & CO.,

nov26 3m No. 227 Main St., Memphis.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

—ON THE—

Thirty-first Day of December, 1868,

MADE TO THE

Comptroller of the State of Tennessee.

1. The name of this Company is the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, and is located at Hartford, Connecticut.

CAPITAL.

2. The amount of capital stock is.....$1,000,000 00
3. The amount of capital stock paid up is.....1,000,000 00

ASSETS.

4. Cash on hand and in bank.....$124,801 79
Cash in hands of agents, and in course of transmission.....124,082 39
Bills receivable for loans, secured by bond and mortgage, (first lien).....350,999 79
Real estate unencumbered.....125,000 00
Rents and interest accrued, payable January 1, 1869.....11,142 93
Stocks and bonds as per schedule filed with Comptroller of State.....1,502,882 82
$2,247,209 72

LIABILITIES.

5. Liabilities to banks or others, due or not due.....$
6. Losses adjusted and due.....
7. Losses either unadjusted, or in suspense.....129,889 89
8. Adjusted and not due.....
9. Losses in suspense, awaiting further proof.....
10. All other claims against the Company, dividends unpaid.....32 00
$129,912 89

MISCELLANEOUS.

11. The greatest amount insured in any one risk is $20,000, except in special cases.
12. The amount insured in any one city, town or village, depends upon its size and how built.
13. The amount insured in any one block, depends as above.
14. Certified copy of the Charter of the Company, as filed heretofore.
15. General power of attorney for Agents to accept service of process previously filed.

GEORGE L. CHASE, President.
GEORGE M. COIT, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss
Hartford county, }

January 7, 1869, personally appeared George L. Chase, President, and George M. Coit, Secretary of the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement by them subscribed, is a true, full and correct statement of the affairs of said Company, and exhibits, so far as can be ascertained at this date, its actual condition on the Thirty-first day of December, 1868.

Before me, GEO. SUMNER, Notary Public.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, } ss
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
Nashville, January 1, 1869.

I, G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies, and I further certify that HENRY A. LITTLETON, Agent of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Hartford Fire Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

[SEAL.] G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of Tennessee. By PLUNKET.

H. A. LITTLETON,

AGENT,

No. 22 Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENN.

ja21

CONDITION

—OF THE—

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD, CONN.

January 1, 1869.

CASH CAPITAL, - $3,000,000

ASSETS, at Market Value:

Cash on hand in Bank and in transit, - - -	$ 592,629 57
Real Estate (unincumber'd)	253,319 14
Bank Stock, - - -	1,307,330 00
Mortgage Bonds, - - -	917,700 00
U. S., State and City Stock and other public Securities, - - -	2,079,953 00
	$5,150,931 71
Total Liabilities, - -	289,553 98
Net Assets, - - -	$4,861,377 73

☞ Duly attested, sworn to and signed.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, } ss
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869.

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Ætna Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said company have complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on insurance companies, and I further certify that Henry A. Littleton, agent of said company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases:

Wherefore, said Ætna Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of Tennessee.

H. A. LITTLETON

AGENT,

No. 22 Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

ja17

CAPITAL, - - $1,000,000

Security, by Law of State of Ohio, $2,000,000.

ENTERPRISE

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF CINCINNATI.

THOMAS SHERLOCK, - - - President

DIRECTORS—R. M. Bishop, of R. M. Bishop & Co; Theo. Cook, of Baker, Hart & Cook; Joseph C. Butler, President Lafayette Bank; L. R. Hall, of Addy, Hull & Co; A. S. Winslow, of Winslow & Smith; Charles Rule, of C. Rule & Coleman; Adolph Wood, of Adolph Wood & Co; John Shillito, of John Shillito & Co; A. D. Bullock, of A. D. Bullock & Co; D. T. Woodrow, of Woodrow, Mears & Co; Allen Collier, of John Swasey & Co; L. A. Harris, ex-Mayor of Cincinnati; James Glenn, of William Glenn & Sons.

W. M. RICHARDSON, Secretary. W. B. CASSILLY, Vice-Pres't.
J. DeW. ALDEN CHURCHILL, Supervisor.
H. V. FREDERICHUGH, Agent.
nov26 No. 22 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.

LAGER BEER.

BY L. SCHNEPEL,

Corner Third and Webster Streets

IN BARRELS, HALF BARRELS AND KEGS. Delivered free of charge within the city limits. de3

INSURANCE.

Statement of the Condition

—OF THE—

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company.

—ON THE—

1st Day of November, 1868

The Name of the Company is

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company.

It is Located in Hartford, Connecticut.

Being a purely Mutual Company, it has no Capital Stock.

The assets of the Company are as follows:

Cash on hand and in hands of agents and other persons	$ 150,776 52
Real estate unencumbered	142,784 04
United States Bonds, par value	3,007,000 00
State of Connecticut, par value	1,000,000 00
City of Evansville, Ind	15,000 00
City of Toledo, Ohio	20,000 00
Bank and railroad stocks owned by Company	82,205 00
Loans on bond and mortgage, being first liens on unencumbered real estate, worth double the amount loaned	6,622,454 81
Debts otherwise secured	240,000 00
Debts for premiums, notes bearing interest	9,188,139 98
All other securities, including premiums in hands of agents and trustees	601,891 25
Total assets	$31,094,920 60

LIABILITIES.

Losses adjusted and not due	$336,250 00
Losses unadjusted	50,000 00
All other claims against the Company and dividends not due, estimated	300,000 00
Total liabilities	$686,250 00
The largest am't insured in one risk	$25,000 00
Amount in other Companies, unlimited.	
Amount in any one block,	"

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss
County of Hartford. }

Guy R. Phelps, President, and Woolbridge S. Olmsted, Secretary of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, being duly sworn, depose and say, that the foregoing is a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of said Company; that the said Insurance Company is the bonafide owner of at least One Hundred Thousand Dollars of actual cash capital, invested in State and United States stocks and bonds, or in bonds and mortgages of real estate unencumbered, and worth double the amount for which the same is mortgaged, and that they are the above described officers of said Insurance Company.

GUY R. PHELPS, President.

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this the 30th day of November, 1868.

GEO. S. GILMAN, Notary Public.

Know all men by these presents, that the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., do hereby authorize Benjamin F. White, Jr., Attorney in the State of Tennessee, for and on behalf of said Company, to accept and acknowledge service of all process, writs or mesne or final in any action or proceeding against said Company in any of the Courts of said State of Tennessee, and it is hereby admitted and agreed that such service of the process aforesaid shall be taken and held to be valid and sufficient in that behalf the same as if served upon said Company according to the law and practice of said state, or of any other State, and all claims or right of error by reason of the manner of such service is hereby expressly waived and relinquished.

Witness our hands and the seal of the Company, this the 30th day of November, 1868.

GUY R. PHELPS, President.
W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, TENN., December 12, 1868. }

I certify that the foregoing is a copy of the original statement of the Company now on file in my office.

G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller.

STATE OF TENNESSEE, }
COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, }
NASHVILLE, January 1, 1869. }

I, G. W. Blackburn, Comptroller of the Treasury, do hereby certify that the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, located at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, has produced to me satisfactory evidence that said Company has complied with all the requirements of the laws of the State of Tennessee imposed on Insurance Companies; and I further certify that Carpenter & White, Agents of said Company, has also complied with the requirements of the laws of the State, made and provided in such cases; wherefore, said Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company has authority to take risks and transact the business of insurance in this State, at Memphis, Shelby county, Tenn.

G. W. BLACKBURN, Comptroller of Tennessee.

CARPENTER & WHITE,

Agents,

45 Madison Street,

ja4 Kit William's Block.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Assets over - $5,000,000 00

THE Ætna Insurance Company is the Trustee of its patrons to an extent ten fold greater than of its own Stockholders.

In 49 Years it has Paid for

Five thousand (5000) dwelling houses and contents.
Twenty-two hundred (2200) schools, churches and colleges.
Eight thousand (8000) stores and merchandise.
Forty-four hundred (4400) mills and manufactories.
Twenty-two hundred (2200) shipments by lake and river. Making a Total of

Losses Paid of - $23,000,000 00

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks.

☞ Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

M. A. LITTL